State Librarian

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THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....JANUARY 7, 1892

The Leading Newspaper in the Third Congressional District.

NEWS AND COMMENTS.

ONE of Mr. SPRINGER'S conspicuous characteristics is his invariable habit of wearing a flower in his button-hole." Recently he has got to wearing a "feather in his cap," and the latter is like a red rag to a bull to the friends of Mr. MILLS, of Texas.

"WHEN thieves fall out," etc. Senator SHERMAN is calling the editor of the Cincinnati *Gazette* all the bad things he can put his tongue to, and we doubt not that that naughty paper deserves it all; but the whole tempest of wrath has been evoked because the *Gazette* has strayed off after strange gods—even one TOURGEE.

A WOMAN died in France the other day whom the faithful royalists of the Faubourg St. Germain always regarded as the granddaughter of LOUIS XVI. and MARIE ANTOINETTE. Her father protested with his dying breath that he was the rightful heir to the throne of France as LOUIS XVII.—the Dauphin who escaped from prison and the clutches of the brutal jailer SIMON.

"GUY Fawkes" has turned up over in Paris, where a Nihilistic plot to blow up the French Chamber of Deputies and the building of the Russian Embassy has been unearthed—in revenge, presumably, for the vigor with which the administration of President CARNOT has been following up conspiracies against the life and government of the Czar. Plots are not necessary for the hoisting into mid-air of our legislative halls, with their rich argosies of law-making Solons; we blow each other up—only the MILLS and CRISP men at Washington.

OF course the late judicial decision in the State of New York, by which the Senate branch of the General Assembly secures a Democratic majority, is not relished by the Republicans, and equally of course they hurl their anathemas at DAVID B. HILL as the prominent leader of his party in the State, declaring that he has transcended his authority in the pardon of WELCH, and even threatening him with impeachment. We can bear all this with serenity, for it was not unexpected—but, then, Republican poison is Democratic meat.

TWELVE people hurled into a wreck of smashed cars, broken wheels, tangled machinery and hissing steam, with fearful death, and hideous torture, and gaping wounds—all to save a brakeman's new uniform from the falling rain of Christmas Eve. This is the holiday record of the New York Central R. R. The coroner's jury declares the direliet employe guilty of manslaughter in the second degree, and censures the railroad authorities for placing utterly incompetent persons in responsible positions—what avails that to wring hearts and desolated homes?

IT would be touching up a plain story with the fancy tints of a florid imagination to rapsodize at the beginning of the year over our gratifying progress and boundless prosperity. The short crop of cotton, and the small amount of money obtained for what providence permitted the planter to raise, together with the impairment of business confidence on account of the numerous bank failures and alarmingly frequent defalcations, have induced a depression in the South which is somewhat discouraging. But, after all, how much cause is there for gratitude in a comparison of our condition with that of other peoples of both the New and the Old World The close of 1891, commemorative of the birth and life of the Prince of Peace, found the "sword beaten into the ploughshare" throughout all our broad and smiling territory, while on every side of us, over the vast Western Continent, are revolution, "grim-visaged war" and the overthrow of established government; we contrast the strikes and portentous labor agitations of great centres of population with our tranquil and order-loving communities; we have to thank God daily for full barns and cribs, part of whose bounteous blessings we would fain share with the destitute of the bleak steppes of Russia; we look out upon a fair land on which the radiant firmament smiles, and which the elements visit gently, while our hearts go out in pitying sympathy to the thousands yet prostrate under the earthquake's wreck in Japan. Yes, the call for thanksgiving on the first of the year 1892 by President BUTLER of the State Alliance was not a perfunctory one.

SPEAKER CRISP has only to "keep a stiff upper lip," and all this noise and wordy din, kept up by the half-handed Democratic papers that are loading him with abusive terms, and threatening to bring the house down about his ears, will die away. He received for the Speakership just 66⅔ per cent. of all the Southern vote, and these Representatives supported him simply because they believed him to be the best man for this great responsibility—a man who might be trusted in the exercise of his own judgment, who did not require, and would not suffer, unseemly dictation from his colleagues. The charge against Mr. CRISP that, in the composition of the House committees, he has taken care to reward his friends, is puerile and laughable. In the name of common sense, whom should he reward but his friends? Mr. CLEVELAND, in rare and mistaken magnanimity, took a notion to reward his enemies during his administration, and by so doing he left enough Republican traitors in the New York postoffice and custom-house to lose him the Presidency. The able Richmond *Dispatch*, whose editor's level head keeps him always straight amid party disturbances, has the following in the issue of the 1st inst.: "A Democratic member of the House of Representatives who was in a position to know declares, first, that CRISP was elected without having made a promise, directly or indirectly, to any human being, and that the charge that he bargained with HOLMAN and SPRINGER is 'as false as hell can be, even is true.' He declares, secondly, that the South was about to be put on trial by the election of a Southern man as Speaker; and Mr. CRISP's supporters knew every mistake the new Speaker might make and every imprudent act on his part would open every Republican battery of the North not only upon him but upon the South; and they desired, therefore, to put into the chair a man who would make no mistakes and do no imprudent act. Mr. CRISP filled the bill.' He is cool and self-poised. His judgment is superb and his ability is unquestioned. He is the finest parliamentarian in the House, and he has at times 'the courage of his convictions.'"

SINCE OUR LAST ISSUE.

Latest News from all Parts of the World, Prepared Especially for the Readers of "The Observer."

On Sunday morning, 27th ult., about 4 o'clock, Emily McCollum, the colored cook of the hotel at Clio, S. C., was shot by a man who claimed to be her husband. Under the cover of the darkness he made his escape. The woman lived about twelve hours. ——Three-fourths of Hamilton, Ohio's, population of 20,000 is afflicted with grip. The place is mainly supported by its factories, and so prevalent is the disease that more than half the places are closed down. The death rate is the heaviest ever known. ——The Governor of Durango, Mexico, telegraphs that in that State the people are actually dying of starvation. Corn is being sold at cost to the poor, and money or orders for the purchase of corn are being distributed by organized charity. The President has ordered the proper Federal officials to aid the poor in Durango and also in States where there is any suffering because of scarcity of provisions. ——The marriage of Miss Rachel Sherman, daughter of the late Gen. Wm. Sherman, and Dr. Paul Thornedike, of Boston, was solemnized in Washington at the residence of Senator Sherman. ——In the city of Canterbury, England, so many people are ill with influenza that many business establishments have been compelled to close on account of lack of labor. ——The last year of President Arthur's administration showed $265,408,137 for ordinary expenses. Harrison requires for one year—1890-'91—$421,304,470 for the same class of expenditures. Mr. Harrison's expenditures exceeded the total receipts by over $97,000,000. To prevent a deficit he has had to use $63,000,000 of the trust fund for the redemption of national bank notes. ——Reciprocity arrangements have been signed by Secretary Blaine with the Ministers of Guatemala and Salvador for their respective countries. The arrangement with Guatemala requires approval of the Congress of that country, but it is expected that the arrangement with Salvador will go into operation February 1st next. ——The contest for the late Senator Plumb's seat in Congress has turned into a disgraceful scramble; the Governor of Kansas makes the appointment. ——A passenger train on the East Tennessee, Virginia & Georgia Railroad was wrecked near Bristol, Tenn.; a number of passengers were severely injured. ——Irving Jenkins, negro, has been arrested for the murder of the family in the Packwood cottage at New Smyrna, Fla., a short time since. ——Fourteen deaths from grip were reported in one day in New York city. ——Fifty Nihilists, suspected of complicity in the Moscow conspiracy, are on trial in Russia. ——The Kentucky Legislature convened on the 30th ult.; W. M. Moore, a farmer, was elected Speaker. ——The leader of the gang of train robbers who plundered an express car near St. Louis, Mo., has been captured. ——A syndicate of New York and English capitalists has bought a tract of 100,000 acres of land in Florida. ——Bulgaria threatens to proclaim her independence should the Turkish Government yield to the demands of France. ——The Mexican insurgent leader, Garza, has his forces well organized, and is believed to have many sympathisers on both sides of the Rio Grande. ——Several persons were killed in a railroad wreck in Oregon on the Union Pacific R. R. ——Money is reported to be abundant in New York, and, as a consequence, business is booming. ——The election in Brunswick county on the question of subscribing $100,000 to secure the construction of the Brunswick, Western & Southern Railway resulted in the defeat of that proposition. ——The Supreme Court has decided the merchants' purchase tax cases from New Hanover in favor of the constitutionality of the tax. The opinion will not be filed until the first Monday in February. ——The Secretary of War has notified the Governor that the annual quota allowed North Carolina for the naval reserve militia is $2,203.60. It has required over $2,000 to equip the battalion already. ——State Treasurer Bain has appointed a Receiver of the smashed bank at Clinton, whose stockholders are unable to raise sufficient funds to put it on a footing. ——It is reported in London that owing to the ravages of yellow fever in Brazil the people of that country are panic-stricken, and those who are able are fleeing to the mountains for safety. ——Nearly every farmer in Mecklenburg will put down a few acres in cotton, but the acreage in the county will be reduced two-thirds. The farmers are now putting in all the wheat and oats they possibly can, and this year, for the first time since the war, will be a wheat, oats, corn, clover, hay, stock and bacon year in Mecklenburg. That means a merry Christmas in 1892. ——Halton Hall was safely lodged in the jail at Wise Courthouse, Tennessee, on the 30th ult. Great and excited crowds opposed the sheriff and the guards. The latter declared they would die or place the prisoner in jail. Esquire Saylor made a lunge at the prisoner with a dirk, but was stopped by the sheriff. Hall murdered Saylor's son a few years ago, and lived with his son's widow in Memphis when captured. A strong guard has been kept at the jail during the past week. Hall admits having killed thirteen men, but claims self-defence. If Hall elects to be tried in the Circuit Court it is generally believed he will be lynched. —— Mr. W. S. O'B. Robinson, the newly-appointed Receiver for the First National Bank of Wilmington, informed a *Star* reporter that after the bank was put in his charge he was engaged all day in having the assets of the bank turned over to him, that all of the cash on hand had been packed up, and would be shipped to the Comptroller at Washington, Mr. Edward S. Lacy, and that Mr. Cicero Burruss and Mr. Wm. K. Walker had been retained to assist him in his work. ——Trouble between the Southern Pacific R. R. Company and the order of Railway Telegraphers has been settled by concessions made on both sides, but the result is a victory for the Telegraphers. ——In Seymour, Ind., a city of less than 7,000 inhabitants, there are over 2,000 cases of grip, and there have been a number of deaths directly or indirectly due to that malady. ——The War Department has shipped quantities of brown powder and gun cotton, for naval use, to San Francisco. —— Officials at the War Department are much concerned at the situation on the Mexican frontier; U. S. troops are concentrated on the frontier, and are thought to have had an engagement with the revolutionists under Garza. ——The murder of Gen. Garcia, of the Mexican army, and the desertion of his troops to the revolutionists, is confirmed. ——The barrel works of the Standard Oil Company, near Bayone, N. J., were burned; loss $500,000.

DEATH BY LOT.

The Old Libby Prison—A Thrilling Incident of the Late War.

New York Herald]

The most thrilling incident connected with the old Confederate Libby prison at Richmond, Va., took place July 6th, 1863, a few months before the remarkable escape of Col. Rose and his comrades.

By order of General Winder the twenty-two Federal captains confined in the prison were to draw lots for two of their number to be shot in retaliation of the execution of the Confederate Captains Corbin and McGraw at Sandusky, Ohio, in the preceding May, whose offense was recruiting in Kentucky for the Confederate army in the West.

Capt. Turner assembled the Union prisoners together in a room at noon. They were formed in a hollow square around a table, and were then informed of the order issued by Gen. Winder. "You may select one of your number to do the drawing," said Capt. Turner, "and the first two names taken from the box will indicate the couple who are to be shot."

"I suggest," said Capt. Sawyer, of the 1st New Jersey Cavalry, "that the duty be performed by one of our chaplains." The proposition was acceded to, and the three Union chaplains were called down from the upper story. Rev. Mr. Brown consented to perform the unwelcome task; and, amid the intense hush, he stepped forward and drew out a slip of paper. Unfolding it with shaking hands, he read out, in a trembling voice:—

"Henry Washington Sawyer, 1st New Jersey Cavalry."

All eyes, including those of the Confederates, were turned sympathizingly upon the officer, who was the coolest man in the room. "Well," he remarked, with a smile, "it had to be some one, and I can stand it as well as any of you." The second name was that of Capt. John Flynn, 51st Indiana Infantry, who displayed much emotion, and was greatly depressed.

The rest of the party were dismissed, and the two doomed men were taken to Gen. Winder's quarters, where they were told that they might write to their friends. Capt. Sawyer wrote to his family, and read the letter aloud to a Confederate officer. His voice was firm until he came to the last farewell to his wife and children, when the brave man broke down, and, asking the indulgence of those around him, turned away his head, weeping like a child.

Flynn had no letters to write, but he asked for a priest, which request was granted. Then it was ordered that the two men be kept in close confinement till the day fixed for the execution. Fortunately, however, that day never came—in due time they were exchanged, and returned to their commands.

The building used by the Confederate government as its first military prison was a tobacco factory, situated at the corner of 25th and 26th streets, in the Southern capital. Gen. Winder, who was in command at Richmond, finding himself in need of additional quarters, took such prompt possession of the house of Libby & Son that the sign was left suspended on the north-west corner, and thus furnished the name by which the most famous prison of the Civil War will always be known.

Andrew Johnson's Old Home.

Chicago Tribune.]

Said an old veteran at the Leland a night or two ago: "I have read Major Truman's reminiscences of Andy Johnson with interest. I was stationed at Greenville for awhile during the war. I remember the old dwelling-house, a plain, two-story brick—that is, a one-story and basement L, six full-sized rooms besides the cook rooms in the basement. The house had been used by both armies as hospital, headquarters and go-as-you-please rendezvous. The Confederate cavalrymen used to often lead their horses in at the hall entrance and out into the rear yard. There is a fine spring which bursts from a ledge near the dwelling. Johnson's tailor-shop was a short distance to the east, a frame building, such as the *Tribune* published, with a sign between and a little above the two windows, with the simple words: 'A. Joh nson, Tailor.' This sign was never touched by Federal or Confederate. Johnson had about 400 books, most of which the rebels had piled into one corner of an upper room in the dwelling-house. A good many of these were government books. I remember digging into this pile one day, and finding two poets, Hood and Poe. I also found a Bible, which showed use, as many of its leaves had been turned down, and there were notes made here and there on the margin, which showed that the owner had perused certain passages which he had underscored and queried. I also saw 'Parker's Aid to Composition,' Benton's Works, 'Life of Andrew Jackson,' Irving's 'Washington' and Webster's Dictionary. Near the tailor-shop is a beautiful mountain stream, and there are mountain glories all around, seemingly touching the skies. I was a young man at the time, and how my ambitious soul did palpitate with an inexplicable desire to be a tailor or a rail-splitter. Near the Johnson residence is that of Mrs. Williams, in whose garden John Morgan, the bold, successful Kentucky raider, met his death while attempting to make his escape. A little way from Greenville is Jonesboro, which was the first capital when Andrew Jackson was admitted to the bar in 1788. And a little further away is Boone's Creek, and there is still an old beech-tree standing, and on it is an old sign which reads as follows: 'D. Boone KILLED A BEAR on tree in the yEAR 1760.' There was no man in the country so thoroughly disliked by the rebels at that time as Andy Johnson, and yet not a thing about his house or shop was harmed. But they would have hanged old Andy if they could have got him. Near Johnson's are, or were, some some fine willow trees bending over the spring, grown from slips from the Island of Elba, planted by Mr. Johnson during his first Congressional term."

The Forestry of North Carolina

In point of latitude North Carolina occupies a middle ground between the semi-tropical States of the South and the colder regions of the North, so that she is not only enabled to produce the fruits and vegetables of one section side by side with those of the other, but her native forests combine the stately pines and balsams of the North with the cypress and magnolias of the South. Again, within her borders are embraced the lowlands of tide-water and the highest peaks of the Atlantic Slope. Again, in a geological point of view, within her territory is embraced every *strata* and formation known in geology, and these give character to the soil. We have in North Carolina the climate and soil suitable to the growth of almost every tree known to the forestry of North America; and it is the favorable location and the native forest-trees and the forestry of North Carolina that we will depend upon for the material development and future prosperity of our State.

☞ Parisian ragpickers operate only after sundown. Their pickings amount to $10,000 worth a night.

THE "BONNY STUART."

The Young Pretender and His Bride—The "Queen of Hearts."

Illustrated American.]

On Good Friday, May 17th, 1772, Princess Louise of Stolberg was married to Charles Edward Stuart, the Young Pretender—no longer a bonnie prince, but a decrepit, drunken sot of fifty-two—in the chapel of the palace at Macerata.

The Princess does not appear to have made any protest against this alliance. The probabilities are that all she knew of Charles Edward was the heroic period of 1745. It was the hand of the hero of her imagination that she accepted, the hand of the man for whom brave men and beautiful women had sacrificed so much; she was offered a crown, too, which, although fallen, was still surrounded with the halo of divine right, and might, as her ambitious mother no doubt often told her, be placed upon her brow by the hardy courage of the Prince.

The marriage was brought about by the intrigues of the French court. In 1770 Charles Edward had been invited to Paris, where some scheme had been concocted for the sake of annoying England, in which he was to play a leading part. A confidential interview for him with the Duc de Broglie had been arranged to take place at the hotel of the Duc de Choiseul at midnight of the day of the Prince's arrival in the French capital. The ministers were punctual at the rendezvous, but the Prince did not appear. After having kept them waiting for an hour he entered the salon in such a disgusting state of intoxication that it was impossible to confer with him, and he was ordered to leave Paris. A year later Louis XV. sent him a secret invitation to return. Immediately upon his arrival the Duc de Fitzjames, who was Charles Edward's cousin by the left hand, and whose son had married one of the elder Princesses of Stolberg, communicated to the descendant of the Stuarts that the King offered him an annuity of nearly fifty thousand dollars on condition of his making an early marriage. The idea, of course, was to get him married on the chance of his having an heir to his claims and to his disappointments, who might be used to harass England. That there might be no delay, Louis XV. proposed that he should select the young and beautiful Princess Louise of Stolberg as his bride. Charles Edward, who was in sorely straightened circumstances, was only too glad to accept the offer, so the marriage took place first by proxy and then at Marcerata. Louise was then a charming creature. Botstoten thus describes her:

"The 'Queen of Hearts,' as the Queen of England was called, was of middle height, blonde, with deep-blue eyes, a nose slightly turned up, the complexion dazzlingly fair, like that of an English woman. Her expression was maliciously gay, and naturally not without a dash of raillery; her nature more French than German. She seemed made to turn everybody's head."

The Pretender was tall, big-boned and gaunt. His bloated face was of a livid, purplish red; his pale blue eyes, leaden, vague and sometimes inexpressibly sad, were streaked with red.

Wonderful Nights in Old Egypt.

"Afloat on the Nile" in Scribner.

Nights there were, too, full of enchantment—such nights as Cleopatra once outwatched on some wave-washed Alexandrian terrace—when the moon, burning with a white fire unknown to the north, hung over her own perfect image in the water; or when the sky, "clad in the beauty of a thousand stars," was mirrored in the still river below, and we seemed to float through a starry world. In the crystal-clear air the great constellations flamed with unwonted splendor; above, Orion blazed; the Hyades and Pleiades glittered like diamond *fibulæ* in night's dark cloak; Canopus's great lamp burned with a mellow light; Berenice's shining locks hung on the vault like a votive offering; Cassiopeia queened it in her silver chair, while Gemini's twin beacons flared and paled. (All these are now visible in the early eastern heavens except Canopus, which we see far south at midnight.)

Under such a sky, from the terraces of the Alexandrian Museum, King Ptolemy's astronomers watched those gleaming worlds in their ordered march through space, seeing in each planet a divine chorister in the infinite symphony, and hearing faintly the prelude of the celestial harmony centuries before it thundered in Galileo's ears as he stood at midnight on the brown Tuscan tower among the olives.

Most precious of all these experiences is the remembrance of the hours spent on deck at what the Arabs call "the time of evening prayer," when the sun dipped behind the Lybian chain, and Mustapha's fire rose in pale yellow flame against the violet water. The mountain tops still glowed, the desert was ashes of roses, the high bank turned to bitumen, the sky to molten gold; and, darkly silhouetted against its splendor, a frieze of living bronze against a golden wall, ever-charming figures of the Egyptain pastoral—Canepsoræ, on their stately march; Chloe, lithe and slender, driving home her sleep; Daphnis herding his goats; the gleamers of Virgil; the husbandmen of Theocritus; the loves and nymphs of Amaroun, passed before us in the glamour of the evening light—every low-browed profile outlined in sharpest relief against the glowing west.

The Persimmon.

Wilmington Star.]

The persimmon is one of the wild fruits of this country that is not thought much of, and yet it might be made a source of some profit with but little labor or expense. The Petersburg *Index-Appeal* says that some of the Northern settlers near that city are putting them up and shipping them to Northern markets, where they are sold at 12½ cents a pound. They are seeded with a machine devised for that purpose, sprinkled with granulated sugar and packed in five-pound boxes for shipment.

Some years ago a citizen of Guilford county carried a lot of persimmons, prepared in this way, to Greensboro, but failed to sell them; at the suggestion of some one he shipped them to a commission merchant in St. Louis, and in due time he got remittances of sales, which paid him about $25, after the costs of transportation and merchant's commissions were deducted. The persimmons sold in St. Louis for North Carolina "dates."

☞ Over $100,000 worth of pearls were found in mussels on the Sugar River, Wisconsin, last summer.

A VOODOO PRIEST'S VICTIM.

Strange Story about the Death of the "Rose of the Isles."

New York Herald]

We were puffing our after-dinner cigars, and, strangely enough for a dinner party, we had somehow drifted into a talk upon the supernatural. Perhaps it was the dreamy air of Bermuda, or the fairy-like scenery from the hills at St. George; but, whatever was the "exciting cause," as my friend, the doctor, would say, he himself was all scepticism on the subject. When one of the Major's guests seemed to take the power of voodooism seriously the doctor laughed outright, whereupon several pairs of eyes were turned upon our host, and there was an awkward pause, which the Major presently relieved by saying:

"Let me tell you a bit of family history. It was in the old Bermuda days, and the characters in the tragedy were: first, my uncle, an officer, then stationed here with his regiment; second, a beautiful young Bermudian, whom Tom Moore celebrated in his poem, 'The Rose of the Isles;' the third, a pretty and accomplished quadroon maid, and the fourth was a voodoo priest.

"My uncle won the love of the fair Bermudian, and their engagement was announced. Not many days afterward a strange illness seized upon the intended bride. She drooped. She avoided the sight of all men, even that of her father, to whom she had been tenderly attached. As for her lover, she pined for him when he was away, and when he was near she sat with downcast eyes and in silence. Both body and mind seemed gone, when the baffled medical skill of Bermuda suggested a change of scene and climate. In England she became perfectly well. Her health and spirits were fully restored. Back she came to Bermuda and her lover's heart.

"What happened? She became ill with the same symptoms as before. The wedding was postponed. To England she went again. Her health was restored. Back she came to Bermuda and her lover's heart again, and this time she was happily married in Pembroke Church. But now, for the third time the illness seized her, and in a few months she was dead. Let me say here that the quadroon maid I have mentioned did not accompany her young mistress on either of the voyages to England.

"Twelve years ago this winter I was here on a military commission. One morning I received a request from a friend at Hamilton to call at my earliest convenience. I went at once. An old servant of his, who was dying, wished to see me. When I was alone with her she confessed that she had been the cause of the illness and death of the 'Rose of the Isles.'

"She said that she had been madly in love with my uncle, and had gone to a voodoo priest for a charm. The priest directed her to bring him three garments that were in the habit of being worn nearest the skin of the rival to whom the lover had given his affections. This the quadroon was easily able to do, by reason of her position of maid. She told me that her mistress while she wore the garments over which the spell had been cast was affected with the symptoms I have mentioned, but when she was away from the spell of the voodoo her love and health returned. When she became a bride the quadroon got the priest to work a much stronger charm, which he did, and by means of the garments, as before, and with the same results, except that the charm ended fatally. What have you to say to that, Doctor?"

"Oh," said the doctor, waking up from a reverie, "the garments were poisoned, of course."

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ONE ENJOYS

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Aug. 6, 1891—tf

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Sep. 3, 1891. tf

NOTICE.
PROF. S. ROSS, the GERMAN OCULIST, of Danzig, Germany, has just arrived in Fayetteville with a large line of Spectacles and Eye-Glasses, and, with his experience and observation, hazards nothing in saying that he can fit with satisfaction the eyes of all. His stock consists of Brazilian, Australian, California, Alaska and Cape Diamond Pebbles. Satisfaction guaranteed in every instance. He also wishes to give notice to the public that all parties suffering with corns or warts can have the same removed by calling on him at his office at the residence of Mr. Mike Folb, opposite Masonic Lodge, at any hour during the day. Charges moderate. Examination of the eyes free to all. Old gold spectacles taken in exchange for new ones or repairs. Repairing done promptly.
☞ Twenty-two years experience.
Oct. 22, 1891. tf

AT FIRST COST,
For the Next 30 Days
McMILLAN BROS.
will offer for sale their entire stock of
TINWARE,
Household and Kitchen Goods,
Pumps, Cooking Stoves,
Heating Stoves, etc., etc.,
at cost, for the purpose of closing out the present stock we have on hand.
This is your opportunity to secure genuine bargains.
Call Early and See Our Stock.
Aug. 13, 1891—tf

EAYETTEVILLE
STEAM LAUNDRY
IN FULL OPERATION.
Turning out best quality of work at "rock bottom" prices. Goods called for and delivered. Call at laundry on Gillespie street, and see us.
Oct. 15, 1891. tf

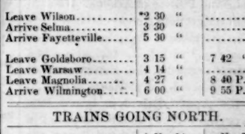
J. W. WELSH,
Carriage and Wagon Manufacturer,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Repairing in all Branches.
Good Substantial Work
GUARANTEED.
ORDERS SOLICITED.
Nov. 12, 1891. tf

EVERY DAY.
Leave your orders for New River, Lynn Haven Bay, Hampton Bar and Norfolk Oysters at
WRIGHT'S CAFE.

CAR-LOAD OF OLD HICKORY

JUST ARRIVED!
"FIRMNESS, COURAGE AND HONESTY"
WERE PROMINENT TRAITS IN THE CHARACTER OF
General Jackson.
"STRENGTH, DURABILITY
—AND—
HONEST CONSTRUCTION"
ARE DISTINCTIVE FEATURES OF THE
OLD HICKORY WAGONS.
☞ ONE, TWO, THREE AND FOUR-HORSE WAGONS. ALSO TUBULAR AXLE WAGONS. THE BEST WAGONS ON WHEELS. WILL BE SOLD LOW.
A. E. RANKIN & Co.
July 2—tf. FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THE
MERCHANT MILLS
—BY—
J. D. McNEILL,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
are prepared to furnish you at cash prices with
CORN,
MEAL,
FLOUR,
SHIP STUFF,
FEED,
GRAIN, BRAN, &c.
Consult your interest and get their figures before buying.
May 8, 1890. tf



CAPE FEAR & YADKIN VALLEY RY CO

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In effect December 27th, 1891.

	NORTH BOUND. Daily Except Sunday. No 2.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 4.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 16.
Leave Wilmington	9:30 a m		
Arrive Fayetteville	1:45 p m		
Leave Fayetteville	2:15 p m		
Leave Sanford	4:25 p m		
Arrive Greensboro	7:35 p m		
Leave Greensboro	7:55 p m		
Leave Walnut Cove	9:41 p m		
Arrive Mt. Airy	11:57 p m		
Leave Bennettsville		8:30 a m	
Leave Maxton		9:5 a m	
Arrive Fayetteville		12:00 noon	
Leave Ramseur			7:25 a m
Arrive Greensboro			10:05 a m
Leave Greensboro			10:35 a m
Arrive Madison			12:55 p m

	SOUTH BOUND. Daily Except Sunday. No. 1.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 3.	Daily Except Sunday. No. 15.
Leave Mt. Airy	6:00 a m		
Leave Walnut Cove	8:11 a m		
Arrive Greensboro	10:00 a m		
Leave Greensboro	10:30 a m		
Leave Sanford	1:50 p m		
Arrive Fayetteville	3:40 p m		
Leave Fayetteville	4:10 p m		
Arrive Wilmington	8:30 p m		
Leave Fayetteville		4:12 p m	
Leave Maxton		6:32 p m	
Arrive Bennettsville		7:45 p m	
Leave Madison			3:10 p m
Arrive Greensboro			5:15 p m
Leave Greensboro			5:35 p m
Arrive Ramseur			8:40 p m

NORTH BOUND—Daily Except Sunday. No. 12.

Leave Greensboro	10:20 a m
Leave Walnut Cove	1:50 p m
Arrive Mt. Airy	5:35 p m

SOUTH BOUND—Daily Except Sunday. No. 11

Leave Mt. Airy	2:10 p m
Leave Walnut Cove	6:15 p m
Arrive Greensboro	9:25 p m

W. E. KYLE,
General Passenger Agent.
J. W FRY, General Manager.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.
Wilmington & Weldon R. R.
AND BRANCHES.
Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED Nov. 23, 1891.	No. 23, Daily.	No. 27, Daily.
Leave Weldon	12 30 P. M.	5 43 P. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount	1 40 "	.....
Arrive Tarboro	*2 18 P. M.	.....
Leave Tarboro	12 58 P. M.	*6 00 P. M.
Arrive Wilson	2 18 P. M.	7 00 P. M.
Leave Wilson	*2 30 "	.....
Arrive Selma	3 30 "	.....
Arrive Fayetteville	5 30 "	.....
Leave Goldsboro	3 15 "	7 42 "
Leave Warsaw	4 14 "	.....
Leave Magnolia	4 27 "	8 40 P. M.
Arrive Wilmington	6 00 "	9 55 P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 14. Daily.	No. 78, Daily.
Leave Wilmington	12 35 A. M.	9 15 A. M.
Leave Magnolia	.....	10 57 "
Leave Warsaw	.....	11 11 "
Arrive Goldsboro	2 35 A. M.	12 05 P. M.
Leave Fayetteville	.....	*9 10 A. M.
Arrive Selma	.....	11 08 "
Arrive Wilson	.....	12 10 P. M.
Leave Wilson	3 35 A. M.	12 58 P. M.
Arrive Rocky Mount	.....	1 39 "
Arrive Tarboro	*6 30 A. M.	*2 18 "
Leave Tarboro	.....	12 58 P. M.
Arrive Weldon	5 05 A. M.	2 55 P. M.

*Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Read leave Weldon 4:00 P M, Halifax 4:22 P M, arrive Scotland Neck at 5:15 P M, Greenville 6:32 P M., Kinston 7:00 P M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:30 A M, Greenville 8:10 A M. Arriving Halifax at 11:00 A M. Weldon 11:25 A M, daily except Sunday.

Local freight train leaves Weldon at 7:30 A. M., arriving Scotland Neck 10:05 A M, Greenville 2:00 P M Kinston 5:10 P M. Returning leaves Kinston at 8:00 A M, arriving Greenville 10:50 A M, Scotland Neck 2:40 P M, Weldon 5:15 P M, daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, via Albemarle & Raleigh R R Daily except Sunday, 4:40 P M, Sunday 2:00 P M, arrive Williamston N C, 7:18 P M, 4:20 P M, Plymouth 8:30 P M, 5:20 P M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 6:20 A M, Sunday 9:00 A M, Williamston, N C, 7:40 A M, 9:58 A M. Arrive Tarboro 10:05 A M, 11:20 A M.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N C, Daily except Sunday, 7:00 A M, arrive Smithfield, N C, 8:30 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield N C, 9:00 A M, arrive Goldsboro, N C, 10:30 A M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 5:15 P M, arrives Nashville 5:55 P M, Spring Hope 6:30 P M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8:00 A M, Nashville 8:35 A M, arrive Rocky Mount 9:15 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 6:30 P M and 11:15 A M. Returning, leaves Clinton at 8:20 A M and 3:10 P M, connecting at Warsaw with Nos 41, 40, 23 and 78.

Southbound Train on Wilson & Fayetteville Branch is No 51. Northbound is No 50. *Daily except Sunday.

Trains No 27 South, and 14 North, will stop only at Rocky Mount, Wilson, Goldsboro and Magnolia.

Train No 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily. All rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Bay Line, also at Rocky Mount daily except Sunday, with Norfolk and Carolina Railroad for Norfolk and all points north via Norfolk.

J. R KENLEY, General Manager. JOHN F. DIVINE, Gen'l Supt.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

A year's teaching made by John F. Goodwin, for J. J. at work for us. Shows you may not make as much, but we can teach you quickly how to earn from $5 to $10 a day at the start, and more as you go on. Both sexes, all ages. In any part of America, you can commence at home, giving all your time or spare moments. No risk for work. All is new. Great pay SURE for every worker. We start

THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., JAN. 7, 1892.

Z. W. WHITEHEAD, J. H. MYROVER, } Editors.

JUDGE McIVER AND THE CUMBERLAND JURY VINDICATED.

Elsewhere we publish in to-day's OBSERVER an article from "A Friend of Justice," to which we most heartily subscribe, and cards, as well, from Sheriff Smith, Capt. J. C. Huske, officer in charge of the jury, and eight of the jurors themselves, in the vindication of Judge McIver and the Cumberland jury from the aspersions sought to be cast upon their escutcheons by the resolutions passed at the Red Springs indignation meeting, consequent upon the acquittal of D. A. McDougald of the charge of murder, at the last term of Cumberland Superior Court, and refuting the imputations therein made as unfair, unjust and without cause or foundation. Having witnessed the proceedings of this celebrated trial from the beginning to the end, we make this statement not for the purpose of offending any one, even those who participated in the deliberations of the Red Springs meeting, or otherwise, but in behalf of justice to his Honor Judge Jas. D. McIver, who presided throughout this long and tedious trial of twelve days with a forbearance and impartiality that we have never seen surpassed, and to the jury of twelve "good men and true" who sat together, heard the evidence, and rendered their verdict accordingly.

That our Red Springs friends will sooner or later discover the error they have most unfortunately committed in predicating such grave charges on rumors is a foregone conclusion from a card published over the signatures of a portion of the committee on resolutions at the meeting, which will appear next week.

ISSUES OF THE DAY.

"The very irony of fate!" Dr. Eugene Grissom, who was for many years Superintendent of the Insane Asylum at Raleigh, and an able superintendent, is now an inmate of a similar institution in Colorado. Time turns out many strange combinations with its whirligig, and this may go with the strangest of them. Let us assume charitably that the wreck of that fine mind had already commenced when Dr. Grissom committed those acts which forfeited his high position in this State.

We do not know whether or not the appointments were made, and an extraordinary omission is to be charged to the government printer; but the fact stands that, as late as the 23rd of last month, Vance's name does not once appear in the list of general or special Senate committees. It is true that Senator Vance was in Europe when Congress met, but we read names of other members who were absent at the time of the composition of the committees. If the Vice-President is neglecting our Senator, why, so let it be: honors from that source are not complimentary to a good Democrat and a true Southerner—but the omission is somewhat remarkable, nevertheless.

"Mr. Quay presented a petition from the Society of Christian Endeavor of the Messiah Lutheran Church of Philadelphia, Pa., praying for the closing of the World's Columbian Exposition on Sunday, for the prevention of the sale of liquor within its gates, and for the management of the art department according to the American standard of purity."

We take the foregoing from the official report of the United States Senate proceedings of the 22nd ult., and it is exquisite—especially coming through Mr. Quay, who is doubtless a very capable interpreter of the "American standard of purity"—the Pennsylvania "American standard of purity"—the Pennsylvania-Republican "American standard of purity." "American standard of purity!" Shades of the Acropolis and Portico of Athens! We suppose that the art department of the World's Fair is to resemble a dry-goods store on "bargain day," with Leda decked out in a tailor-made organdie, the Venus of Milo attired in embroidered petticoat and polonaise, the Apollo Belvidere brave in a Chatham street ready-made suit, and a blue cotton umbrella hoisted over the Group of the Laocoon.

Carpenter—Kirkpatrick.

The Jacksonville (Ala.) *Republican* of a recent date makes the following pleasant announcement:

Married, at the residence of Mr. T. C. Davenport, on Wednesday, Dec. 9th, by Rev. F. A. Rogers, Mr. J. M. Carpenter and Miss Annie Kirkpatrick. Mr. Carpenter is one of Jacksonville's enterprising and substantial merchants. Miss Kirkpatrick is a young lady of sweet disposition and many accomplishments, greatly beloved by her wide circle of friends and acquaintances.

The Rome (Ga.) *Tribune* has this to say of the marriage:

Miss Annie Kirkpatrick, a charming and highly-cultured young lady, the sister of Capt. J. D. Kirkpatrick, of Rome, will be married to a very prominent merchant of Jacksonville, Ala., in that place to day. Quite a number of friends and relatives at Rome will go down this morning.

The congratulations of the OBSERVER, although they be the good wishes of the stranger, have the sincerity born of our respect and affectionate esteem for the fair bride's Cumberland people—among our worthiest citizens.

Commendation Well Deserved.

The Carthage *Blade* of recent date bids farewell to the Baptist minister of that town in the following terms:

Rev. W. F. Watson preached his farewell sermon at the Baptist Church last Sunday night. He will leave in a few days for his new home at Dunn. Our citizens regret exceedingly to give Mr. Watson up. As a minister he has grown up, as it were, in the Carthage church—hence the deep interest manifested in his welfare by our people. He has made an enviable reputation as an able, eloquent minister and a devout christian gentleman. In the name of our people, we commend Mr. Watson to the people of Dunn, and wish him a career of increased usefulness in his new field of labor.

Mr. Watson well merits all the eulogy of even his most partial friends—realizing, in a useful and upright manhood, with its every energy and ability devoted to the service of his Maker, the bright promise of his youth.

County Commissioners' Meeting.

Full board present; minutes of last meeting read and approved.

Ordered, that the report of J. A. Haywood concerning Lamont's bridge be referred to the supervisors of 71st township, with instructions to have said bridge built according to contract.

Matters of complaint by N. V. Blue referred to G. W. Graham and J. B. Smith, to report at next meeting.

Ordered, that Sheriff Smith proceed to collect purchase tax without further delay.

License to retail spirituous liquors in the town of Fayetteville was granted as follows: E. L. Clark, W. R. Webb, Hotel LaFayette, John McIver, A. Moore, R. L. Truelove, J. A. Burns, B. R. Taylor, John M. Martix, W. M. Johnson, W. M. Davis, James Ahearn, W. J. McDonald.

The official bonds of J. B. Smith, Sheriff; C. G. Cain, C. S. C.; J. B. Troy, Treasurer; Dr. J. W. McNeill, Coroner; Jno. B. Downing, Surveyor; R. J. Baker, J. P. and Dan'l Carter, J. P., were accepted and ordered filed.

After auditing the usual amount of bills for the current month the board adjourned.

As Handsome as Fresco.

The most beautiful material we have ever seen for the interior wall-finish of dwellings and public buildings—with all the thoroughness and perfection in make-up to render it lasting—is the rock plaster recently invented by Mr. D'Lagnel Haigh, of New York, whom it gives us pleasure to claim as one of our citizens. The plaster can be laid on in the rough, and the exterior surface painted to the taste and fancy—and this method is much in vogue at the North; or over it is laid a polished face, smooth as the most delicate piece of china, white as marble and hard as adamant. The material is impervious to water, does not crack, and never falls away from its base.

Mr. Haigh is President of the Rock Plaster Company, which has factories at Hoocken and Brooklyn, N. Y., Columbus, Ohio, and Decatur, Ills. The sales are already large, with the demand increasing, and the success of the invention promises to be commensurate with its merit.

Christmas Fair.

We very much enjoyed a visit to the colored fair, held in Farmers' Hall on Person street on Christmas afternoon and evening. Though the idea of the exhibition was conceived at a late day, allowing little time for preparation, the display was remarkably fine—in a high degree creditable to the taste and ingenuity of the contributors. The very intelligent daughter of Joshua Council, a leading colored citizen of the community (herself one of the chief exhibitors), accompanied us through the different departments, where the articles embraced elegant embroidery and needle-work, paintings, wood- and iron-work, food and condiments, etc. A list of the leading features of the exhibit has been promised to us, which we hope to publish, together with our own notes, next week.

Excellent speeches were made during the exercises by prominent colored men, and the occasion was marked throughout by unalloyed enjoyment.

New Berne Fair.

Posters and canvassing agents are out for the Fifth Annual Fair of Eastern North Carolina, to be held at New Berne, commencing February 22nd, and continuing six days. The people of the tide-water country at first contented themselves with the modest title of "fish and oyster fair" for their annual exposition; but the variety and extent of the exhibition, the general interest manifested, and the popularity of the yearly gathering throughout the State, fully justified them in enlarging its scope—until it has become a great exposition of the fisheries, trucking and industrial resources of that part of North Carolina hardly inferior to any in the South.

Pleasant at any time, a visit to New Berne is especially delightful at the period of holding the fair, as the mild climate renders the month of February as balmy as April or May with us.

For the "Stranger within Our Gates."

The wayfarer stranded on the voyage of life in these parts on Christmas day, or belated on the line of travel, found a delightful haven of rest and enjoyment in the Hotel LaFayette, whose good cheer routed every gathering shadow of loneliness, and put to flight "the foul fiend, melancholy."

At Christmas, in each hall,
A man might then behold
Good fires to curb the cold,
And meat for great and small—

while in the elegant dining-room, served from an artistic gem of a *menu*, the work of the Fayetteville Printing and Publishing Company, were offered such viands as made a "feast for the gods."

This Way, Please.

If you don't believe it is to your interest and that it will pay you to look over our new advertisements:

W. W. Huske: For Sale.
W. F. Campbell: For Sale.
Rose & Leak: Douglas Shoe.
New York Herald: For 1892.
E. A. Poe: For Sale or Rent.
W. G. LeDuc: Mortgage Sale.
J. W. McNeill: Annual Meeting.
F. W. Thornton: Bargains Here.
Opera House: "A Social Session."
A. S. Huske: A Happy New Year.
Boykin, Carmer & Co.: Home Fertilizer.

Business Failures for 1891.

Raleigh News and Observer.]

R. G. DUN & Co. report 12,273 business failures for 1891 against 10,907 for 1890. This is the highest number reported since the agency was established in 1857. There is a brighter side to the story, however, as the total liabilities for the year amount only to $189,000,000, or almost precisely the same as last year. The average liability to each failure, which in 1890 was $17,406, in 1891 is only $15,471. The distribution of the loss geographically shows an important gain in the Eastern States and a corresponding loss in the South. The Eastern liabilities are $19,000,000, as against $27,000,000 last year, but in the South they are $45,000,000, against $27,000,000 in 1890. The changes in the other sections amount to from $2,000,000 to $5,000,000, showing that only in the East and South is there any marked change in business conditions.

The Red Springs Indignation Meeting.

For the Observer.]

MESSRS. EDITORS:—I desire to make some comments on "The Red Springs Indignation meeting," and for easy reference, by those who will read this communication, I give first the call, and then the resolutions unanimously adopted by the meeting, which, we are told, was largely attended:

CITIZENS' MEETING.

The citizens of Robeson county are called to meet at Red Springs on Friday, December 11th, 1891, to take action in the matter of the great outrage to society in the acquittal of Daniel A McDougald, guilty of the murder of his uncle, Simeon Conoley, tried at the recent term of Cumberland Superior Court.

A mass-meeting is called to express the indignation of the people generally as to the manner in which the jury was obtained, and to publish to the world the conduct of all whose action in the matter of acquittal deserves the severe censure of all honorable citizens. Come one, come all! Meeting will be called to order at 12 o'clock M.

MANY CITIZENS.

RESOLUTIONS.

WHEREAS, Crimes have so often gone unpunished in North Carolina, particularly in cases of homicide, that the public mind has ceased to be shocked at the enormity of crime or the failure of juries to convict; and, whereas, the people of Robeson county are confronted with the acquittal, by a Cumberland county jury, of a man charged with having murdered his uncle, in the face of strongest positive and circumstantial evidence, sufficient in any civilized country, in our judgment, to convict him before an honest and intelligent jury; therefore

Resolved, 1. That the frequent recurrence of acquittal in cases of murder is sufficient evidence to us that there is something wrong in the administration of justice in our courts. The jury system is defective, for under it we are fully persuaded that any man of financial means can secure his acquittal, though his hands be red with the blood of his victim.

2. That to protect the lives and property of the citizens of our State and county, and as far as possible secure a fair and honest jury, we are informed that the State's solicitor asked the presiding judge to have the jury drawn. This motion was denied, and in this denial we condemn the action of the judge until we know and judge his reasons therefor; that the denial of the motion to have the jury drawn destroyed the last hope of the people of Robeson for a fair trial.

3. That we further censure the presiding judge for not discharging the jury when they notified him of their inability to agree. The action of his Honor was virtually to force an acquittal, and turn loose upon society, as we believe, a cold-blooded, murderous assassin who had murdered his own uncle for insurance money.

4. That while we extend to the few members of the jury who stood for conviction our warmest thanks, and extend to the counsel who represented the State our warmest acknowledgment for their services in behalf of justice, yet we cannot but regret that they did not see fit to offer in evidence the letters found on the prisoner when arrested in the State of Oregon, 3,800 miles from the scene of the murder, as throwing full light (if any was needed) on the motive which inspired the murderous deed.

5. That the blood of murdered men cries aloud for reform in our jury system. That the acquittal of the murderer of Simeon Conoley tends to lessen our respect for courts of law, and brings them into contempt and tends to lessen the respect for the system of trial by jury as now practiced. That we condemn the manner in which the jury was allowed to be talked to by an outsider while in charge of an officer.

6. That the thanks of this meeting are due and are hereby heartily tendered to the Mecklenburg *Times*, Monroe *Enquirer*, Pee Dee *Index*, (S. C.) Asheville *Citizen*, Carthage *Blade*, *State Chronicle*, Maxton *Union*, *Scottish Chief* and other newspapers which, in temperate but bold, courageous and emphatic terms, have fitly characterized the acquittal of D. A. McDougald as contrary to the law and the facts, a travesty of justice and a foul blot upon the judicial ermine of North Carolina.

7. That the papers of the State friendly to justice be requested to publish these resolutions.

The people of Red Springs and vicinity are known far and wide as good citizens—conservative and intelligent—but I think they committed a serious blunder in this matter, and this committee on resolutions failed to come up to the measure of their duty, and I believe that if that large concourse of citizens had duly considered the language and spirit of these resolutions they never would have been adopted in that form. Look at the careless recitals as to facts, and the implied and (might I not say?) direct charges against a neighboring county and the court and all its officers.

The preamble recites that "Robeson county is confronted with the acquittal by a Cumberland county jury of a man charged with having murdered his uncle, in the face of the strongest positive and circumstantial evidence—sufficient in any civilized country to convict before an honest and intelligent jury."

But all who heard the trial say that the evidence was altogether *circumstantial;* and that there was no *positive* evidence as to the guilt of the accused. There must have been some in the meeting who knew what the character of the evidence was, and it seems highly improper in any event to make the charge in the words used, because there is an insinuation that Cumberland county is lacking in civilization, and that the jury were lacking in honesty and intelligence.

The first resolution is an attack on the jury system. Now, no one claims that the jury system is perfect. But the establishment of it cost blood and treasure untold; it has been eulogized for ages; and, to make it nearer perfect, has engaged the attention of statesmen and patriots for years and years, and yet nothing better has been found.

The Red Springs people, however, refer to its imperfections as one cause for their indignation. No comment on that is necessary. But the meeting is fully persuaded that the defects of the jury system are such that "a man of financial means can secure an acquittal." Does that mean that the court or jury or any of the officers felt the influence of McDougald's financial means? The language used would bear that construction—was it meant?

The second resolution is based on information, and condemns the judge for his ruling until the meeting "can know and judge his reasons." An indignation meeting should not act on information. Their information was unfair in this matter, because, when the solicitor asked that the jury be drawn from the county box, the judge asked if he had special reasons for the request, and he said that he had none. And then the judge said that in the absence of special reasons he would not depart from the usual rule, and would order the sheriff to summon good and lawful men. Now, whoever informed the Red Springs meeting as to the request and the judge's refusal must have known the reasons given by the court, for it all took place at the same time. And there must have been men there who know what the usual order is in such cases. How unfair to condemn the judge, *on information*, until the meeting "can know and judge his reasons!" Ought the judge to be summoned to answer to the meeting? But the resolution recites that this ruling "destroyed the last hope for a fair trial." Is not that a plain intimation that they knew special reasons why the jury should have been drawn from the box, as requested? Then, why was not the information given to the solicitor or court then and there?

The third resolution is based on an erroneous statement, for the jury did not give any notification that they could not agree. But suppose they had done so: would it have been right or proper for the judge to have discharged them in so short a time, after a trial that had occupied nearly two week? The jury had the case only about twelve hours. The prisoner had rights in regard to how, and when, and for what reasons, the jury could be discharged. Surely some who were at the Red Springs meeting must have known, if they had stopped to consider, how unfair to charge the judge as in the third resolution.

The fourth resolution thanks those of the jury who stood for conviction. The fact is that none of the jury ever stood for conviction. The reason for not rendering a verdict sooner was that some demanded time for consideration of the case. But if any juror had stood for conviction—was convinced that McDougald was guilty—and, in so short a time, yielded to a verdict of acquittal, instead of being praised and thanked such juror ought to have been censured by the Red Springs meeting.

But this fourth resolution censures the State's counsel for not introducing certain letters, which, it is said, "would have thrown full light," etc., etc. No such letters were mentioned in the trial, and the question as to whether the letters were admissible as evidence is between the Red Springs meeting and the State's attorneys. Their well-known character, however, favors the presumption that they would use all fair and proper means to secure conviction. But if the meeting was right in regard to the letters referred to, is it not an admission on their part that the case ought to have been, and could have been, strengthened?

The fifth resolution seems to be a bold, direct utterance of contempt for the court that tried McDougald and the jury system. And there is a charge that the jury was talked to improperly. Whoever witnessed the improper approach to the jury would better have evinced his desire for *fair trials* by reporting the matter to the court, rather than the Red Springs meeting.

The sixth resolution commends certain papers for having characterized the McDougald trial as a travesty of justice and a foul plot on the judicial ermine of North Carolina. If the papers named did so characterize the trial they are as responsible as the Red Springs meeting; and by so doing they have shown either that they were misinformed and misled as to the facts, or they have improper ideas of law and of respect for the courts of our land. And if they persist in such ideas the Red Springs people, and all others friendly to justice, should withdraw their patronage from them.

And now has it come to this—that after an intelligent court and jury have spent two weeks in a trial, which resulted in acquittal, there should be called together a number of citizens to cast slurs at the civilization of Cumberland county, and upon the honesty and intelligence of the jury; and to say that this trial makes them have contempt for the court and the jury system; and to thank the papers that have "characterized the trial as a travesty on justice and a blot on the judicial ermine," etc?

Surely it was inconsiderate action, and the good people of Red Springs did not realize the full import of what they were doing. They could not have meant all they said. The fact that a meeting of as conservative a people as live around Red Springs has adopted such intemperate resolutions is a warning that indignation meetings are rarely conservative. What good is expected to result from this meeting? Charges, serious charges, are made, but no specifications to justify them. Is it expected that the jury system will be remodeled or improved, without a suggestion as to the manner in which it ought to be done? No doubt some who were in the meeting have sung the praises of trial by jury, as a great protection to life, liberty and property, and I hardly believe that anyone who was there would even now vote to abolish it. Judge McIver has as many friends around Red Springs as ever, and I suppose hardly any one who voted for those resolutions considers that he is obnoxious to the charges and insinuations therein expressed.

It was all too hastily done, as is nearly always the case with indignation meetings. Therefore they are dangerous expedients. What if the example and teachings contained in these resolutions should prevail with any considerable portion of the citizens of our State? Fortunately, whilst indulging the feelings which prompted them to adopt these resolutions, they made but two recommendations: they are contained in the two added resolutions; one as to the insurance company, upon which I make no comment; the other as to withdrawing patronage from all papers not friendly to justice, which savors of a conservatism that all can approve.

A FRIEND OF JUSTICE.

Card from the Jurors.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Dec. 31st, 1891.

We, the undersigned jurors who sat in the trial of the case of State *vs.* D. A. McDougald, tried at the November term of the Superior Court of Cumberland county, do hereby certify that the case was given to the jury about 6 o'clock P. M.; that the jury retired under the instructions, as they understood, to the sheriff that if they did not agree by 10 o'clock P. M. the judge be not disturbed until morning; that no report was made to the judge or other officer until early the next morning, at which time, through the officer in charge, they sent word to the judge that they had arrived at a verdict; that no report was made by them, and no instruction received from the judge, until next morning, at which time a verdict had been reached. There was no difference of opinion after the testimony had been fully considered during the night by the jury. All intimations made by the Red Springs meeting in regard to Judge McIver's forcing the jury to agree are false, and all intimations tending to lead the public mind to believe that the jury was influenced by any other cause than the law and the testimony are false *in toto*.

D. A. GEDDIE,
G. F. TALBOT,
S. P. DENNING,
R. A. GODWIN,
THOS. LEWIS,
GEO. A. O'HANLON,
JOHN RODDICK,
G. S. GIBSON.

[The other jurors live so far from Fayetteville that their certificate could not be obtained; theirs will appear in next week's issue of this paper.—EDS. OBSERVER.]

Card from the Sheriff.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Dec. 31, 1891.

As sheriff of Cumberland county, I was present during the last term of the Superior Court, and do hereby certify that, when asked by the solicitor to have the jury drawn from the box in the McDougald case, the judge inquired if he could suggest any reason for deviating from the usual mode in such cases—that if he could the order would be made. The solicitor told him that he knew of no reason other than it was a case of great importance. No reason appearing to render it necessary, or none being suggested, the judge ordered the jury summoned in the usual way. I further certify that the challenges on the part of neither the State nor the defendant were exhausted at the time the jury was made up; that the twelve men who constituted the jury were all of them gentlemen of honor and integrity, and who, I know personally, would be influenced in their verdict by nothing save the law and the testimony. I further certify that there was no effort on the part of Judge McIver, directly or indirectly, either by word or act, to compel the jury to agree, but that throughout the whole trial of the cause he acted with a spirit of fairness and impartiality—such as I have never seen exceeded. In furnishing this certificate to the press, I do it from no personal feeling, but from a desire to see justice done to an unwarrantably injured man—to-wit, Judge McIver.

J. B. SMITH, Sheriff
of Cumberland County.

Card from the Officer of the Jury.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Dec. 31st, 1891.

I, the officer in charge of the jury in the case of State *vs.* D. A. McDougald, tried at the November term of the Superior Court of Cumberland county, do hereby certify that the case was given to the jury about 6 o'clock P. M.; that no instructions were given by the court in regard to a verdict or the opinion of any of the jurors during the night; that no instructions or intimation were sent by the court to the jury at any time after the case was given them, and none were asked for; that nothing was done to compel the jury to agree. I further certify that no one was allowed to speak to the jury, or any one of them, after they were impanneled.

J. C. HUSKE,
Officer in charge.

An Appeal for Help.

For the Observer.]

KOBE, JAPAN, Dec. 1st, '91.

MESSRS. EDS.:—By the last mail I wrote you of the terrible earthquake which occurred in this country on the 28th of October; and, although more than a month has passed, the shocks continue. A letter received this morning from Nagoya says: "Inasmuch as we have had two hard earthquakes to-day, I would advise Mrs. B. (one of our new missionaries, just out from America) to keep away from this volcanic country until the earth is more at rest. I am afraid of another great upheaval before this terrible force in the earth finds an outlet—which seems to be the history of earthquakes in other parts of the world. I sleep with one eye open, and more clothes on than are comfortable, never knowing that we will not have to run out suddenly. This kind of life is wearing."

On the 2nd of November there were other shocks sufficiently severe to knock down more houses. As I wrote you, over 5,000 were killed or burned alive, and 15,000 more were injured. It is said that at least $1,000,000 worth of property has been destroyed, and thousands and thousands of families have been left destitute, with the fathers killed and the widows and children left helpless. Of one family, an old woman over 80 years of age was caught in a crevice of the earth, and a little child, 9 years old, was taking care of her, and dressing her wounds. Many of the wounded hid themselves, fearing that the surgeons would amputate some limb. Temporary hospitals were erected, where physicians, asssembled from all parts of the country, worked night and day.

The more details we obtain the more appalling the calamity becomes. The people are absolutely paralyzed with fear, and are utterly houseless, helpless and hopeless. In the burnt district the population is without shelter—living out-of-doors. As I noted in my last communication, the first shock, which was a vertical movement of about 8½ inches, lasted 7 or 8 minutes, and came so suddenly that many, caught in the houses, were buried beneath them; when their friends—those who had run out—went back to rescue them fires broke out in seven or eight places at once, and a strong wind blowing at the time, the people fled for their lives, leaving the wounded and dying to burn to death. It is said that the horrible odor of burning hair and flesh was plainly perceptible.

Remember that it is not of small towns or of villages I am writing, but of large cities containing many thousands of inhabitants. The plain on which the disaster was most fearful is one of the most thickly-populated districts of the empire—dotted throughout with towns and villages. I speak from experience, having traversed it both by jinrikisha and rail.

Why is it that I have thus written? Is it because I like to "see myself in print," or because I wish to harrow up the feelings by these details? No; such is not my object. I write to ask help for these poor unfortunates who cannot help themselves. Winter, with its snow and cold winds, is coming on, and these people are suffering without shelter.

Mr. McAlpine, one of our missionaries, who issues an appeal for aid through the *Japan Mail*, writes that $5 will build a hut of straw and bamboo, durable enough to last until winter is over. Lumber, nails and all other building material have greatly risen in price since the earthquake. It is the well-to-do who will most feel the privation, cold and hunger, for they are not accustomed to them, as the poorer classes always are.

Cannot a subscription for these sorely stricken people be raised in Fayetteville? If there are any willing to give some way could be found to send the money to me direct. A bill of exchange could be purchased on New York, which the bank here would cash. It would have to be sent through an English bank, as we have no American banking-houses—but there will be no difficulty about that.

Whatever is done should be done at once, for delay only intensifies the suffering. The need is pressing now, at this very moment, and any assistance in money should reach here by the last of January, if possible. I will send it immediately to Mr. McAlpine, who is one of the distributing committee in Nagoya.

L. L. G.

MT. AIRY'S CONFLAGRATION.

One Life Lost, it is Thought, and Several Injured—the Plucky People Will Rebuild at Once.

Special to State Chronicle.]

MT. AIRY, N. C., Jan. 1.—The new year dawned upon our progressive young city wrapped in flames. Some heinous incendiary had touched the torch to the cellar under J. V. Mitchell's, and the magnificent Blue Ridge Inn, with her hundred rooms, the Mount Airy Hotel and eight other establishments lie in smouldering ruins to tell the sad tale. It was two o'clock this morning, the gay festivities of a New Year's entertainment were over, and every one asleep. The flames rose rapidly from Mitchell's cellar, and spread until the walls of the Blue Ridge Inn were enveloped. Guests dashed out in wild confusion, and it was in ashes in two hours, a total loss. At the same time the stores of W. F. Bynum & Co., J. V. Mitchell and M. A. Robbins & Co. went to the ground. A. Merritt's hardware store followed, and a number of men were trying to rescue goods when it fell in. Three escaped after receiving painful injuries, but it is thought a fourth is under the ruins. The Mt. Airy Hotel, Wallis & Long's clothing store and J. D. Smith's establishment went to ashes in quick succession. The citizens fought heroically to save the Joyce block on the opposite side of the street, which they did after it had been badly damaged. Those damaged were: D. A. Rawley, dry goods; R. A. Totten, furniture; Worth & Joyce, hardware; J. W. Prather, clothing; J. R. Paddison, grocery; R. L. Moore & Co., jewelry store, and the *Yadkin Valley News* printing office. Total loss over $100,000, as follows: Blue Ridge Inn, $50,000, insurance $25,000; Mt. Airy Hotel, $8,000, covered by insurance; W. S. Merritt, $6,000, insurance $4,000; M. A. Robbins & Co., $4,500, insurance $2,000; J. V. Mitchell, $2,000, fully insured; A. F. Bynum & Co., $3,000, insurance $1,800; Wallis & Long, $8,000, about covered; J. D. Smith, $15,000, almost wholly covered. Others about $5,000, covered. This is a great blow to our aggressive young city, but it only makes her progressive people more determined. Handsome store buildings are to go up and a new hotel. Mr. Rufus Roberts, owner of the Blue Ridge Inn, is full of pluck, and will rebuild.

Brick layers have been wired for. Three buildings were contracted for before the fire ceased—Riddick, Majette & Co., new firm from Eastern Carolina, to build at once.

DIED.

McLEAN.—In this town, on the 24th ult., Mrs. SOPHIA HYBART MCLEAN, widow of Maj. Henry McLean, in his day an honored citizen of Fayetteville.

Thus has passed away, at an advanced age, a woman who has long been known among us as one fervent in devotion to the Saviour and His Church, steadfast in the way of Christian life an ardent lover of her friends and dearly beloved by them. It was appointed to her early and often to taste the cup of sorrow in this vale of tears, but in drinking it she ever said: "Thy will be done;" and now, having been made perfect through suffering, she has finished her course and rests with the righteous dead, "waiting for the coming of our Lord Jesus Christ." J. C. H.

DELEON, TEXAS, July 23, 1891.

MESSRS. LIPPMAN BROS., Savannah, Ga.:

GENTS.—I've used nearly four bottles of P. P. P. I was afflicted from the crown of my head to the soles of my feet. Your P. P. P. has cured difficulty of breathing and smothering, palpitation of the heart and relieved me of all pain; one nostril was closed for ten years; now I can breathe through it readily.

I have not slept on either side for two years, in fact, dreaded to see night come; now I sleep soundly in any position all night.

I am 59 years old, but expect soon to be able to take hold of the plow handles; I feel proud I was lucky enough to get P. P. P., and I heartily recommend it to my friends and the public generally.

Yours respectfully,

A. M. RAMSEY.

THE STATE OF TEXAS, County of Comanche. } Before the undersigned authority on this day personally appeared A. M. Ramsey, who, after being duly sworn, says on oath that the foregoing statement made by him relative to the virtue of P. P. P. medicine is true. A. M. RAMSEY.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this August 4th, 1891. J. M. LAMBERT, N. P., Comanche Co., Texas.

A Sad Awakening!

"When in the dark, on thy soft hand I hung,
And heard the tempting syren of thy tongue—
What flames—what darts—what anguish I endured,
But when the candle entered—I was cured!"

Such complexions as so many of our young ladies possess—dull, pimply, and covered with sores and blackheads, is enough to cool the ardor of the warmest love. To such young ladies we would say that you can never have a soft, fair, smooth, attractive, *kissable* complexion, unless your blood is healthy and pure, for the condition of the blood decides the complexion. Dr Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will purify your blood, tone up your system, and drive away those distressing headaches and backaches, from which you suffer periodically, and give you a complexion a lily or rose-leaf might envy.

"Woman's Suffer-age"

was what a witty woman called that period of life which all middle-aged pass through, and during which so many seem to think they *must* suffer—that Nature intended it so. The same lady added: "If you don't believe in 'woman's suffer age,' there is one ballot which will effectually defeat it—Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription." This is true, not only at the period of middle life, but at all ages. When women suffer from uterine diseases, painful irregularities, inflammation, ulceration or prolapsus, the "Favorite Prescription" so strengthens the weak or diseased organs and enriches the blood that years of health and enjoyment are added to life.

Happy Hoosiers.

Wm. Timmons, postmaster of Idaville, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for that bad feeling arising from Kidney and Liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman, of same place, says: "Find Electric Bitters to be the best Kidney and Liver medicine; made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies. He found new strength, good appetite and felt just like he had a new lease on life. Only 50c. a bottle, at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store.

La Grippe Again.

During the epidemic of La Grippe last season Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds proved to be the best remedy. Reports from the many who used it confirm this statement. They were not only quickly relieved but the disease left no bad after results. We ask you to give this remedy a trial, and we guarantee that you will be satisfied with results, or the purchase price will be refunded. It has no equal in La Grippe, or any Throat, Chest or Lung Trouble. Trial bottles free at B E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store. Large bottles, 50c. and $1 00.

Oh! What a Cough.

Will you heed the warning—the signal perhaps of the sure approach of that more terrible disease, Consumption? Ask yourselves if you can afford, for the sake of saving 50c., to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will cure your cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a Million Bottles were sold the past year. It relieves croup and whooping cough at once. Mothers, do not be without it. For lame back, side or chest use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by A. J Cook & Co.

Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

Is it not worth the small price of 75c. to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints? if you think so call at our store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer; every bottle has a printed guarantee on it; use accordingly, and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing. Sold by A. J. Cook & Co.

We have a speedy and positive cure for catarrh, diphtheria, canker-mouth and headache, in SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY. A nasal injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and sweet breath. Price 50c. Sold by A. J. Cook & Co.

"Now is the winter of our discontent made glorious summer" by Ayer's Sarsaparilla. This wonderful medicine so invigorates the system and enriches the blood that cold weather becomes positively enjoyable. Arctic explorers would do well to make a note of this.

COMMENDABLE.

All claims not consistent with the high character of Syrup of Figs are purposely avoided by the California Fig Syrup Company. It acts gently on the kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the system effectually; but it is not a cure-all, and makes no pretensions that every bottle will not substantiate.

Quail on toast at WRIGHT'S CAFE.

Leave your orders for Christmas oysters at WRIGHT'S CAFE.

A BOON TO THE SICK.

Dr. King's Royal Germetuer is endorsed by Rev. J. B. Hawthorne, pastor First Baptist Church, Atlanta, Ga., who says: "It is a great remedy." Rev. Sam P. Jones says: "I wish every poor suffering wife had access to that medicine." Thousands of others attest its virtues. Fifty gallons are drunk in Atlanta daily, where it is performing remarkable cures. It removes the cause of disease and builds up from the first dose. Send stamp for full particulars, certificates of wonderful cures, etc., to King's Royal Germetuer Co., Atlanta, Ga. IT CURES WHEN ALL ELSE FAILS. Price, $1.50 per concentrated bottle, which makes one gallon of medicine as per directions accompanying each bottle. Can be sent by express C. O. D. if your druggist cannot supply you.

WRIGHT'S CAFE

Will be open Sunday from 8 A. M. till 9 P. M.

If you want a nice, comfortable Truss, at a reasonable price, call at HORNE'S DRUG STORE.

Carolina Baking Powder is reliable, wholesome and first-class in all respects. HORNE'S.

☞ No nausea or griping after using Brookfield's Liver and Kidney Pills. For sale by Fayetteville Druggists.

COME TO

WILLIAMS'S

BIG RACKET STORE,

And See our Large and Elegant Display of

FINE HOLIDAY GOODS.

Christmas Presents

FOR ALL!

Dolls of all kinds, from 1c. upwards.

Toys of all kinds, from 5c. upwards.

Children's Books, all kinds, from 5c. upwards.

Handsome Jewelry,

Photograph and Autograph Albums,

Picture Frames, Toilet and Manicure Sets,

Fancy Stationery and Perfumery,

GAMES,

Books of all kinds, bound in cloth, only 25c.,

Novels by all the standard authors, only 10c.,

Oil Paintings, only 75c.,

AND NEW, USEFUL AND ORNAMENTAL ART NOVELTIES IN LARGE VARIETY AT PRICES SURE TO PLEASE.

Our Georgeous Display of Ladies' and Gents' Jewelry,

IN BEAUTIFUL AND UNIQUE DESIGNS, CANNOT BE EXCELLED, AT PRICES EXTREMELY LOW.

OUR SILK HANDKERCHIEFS

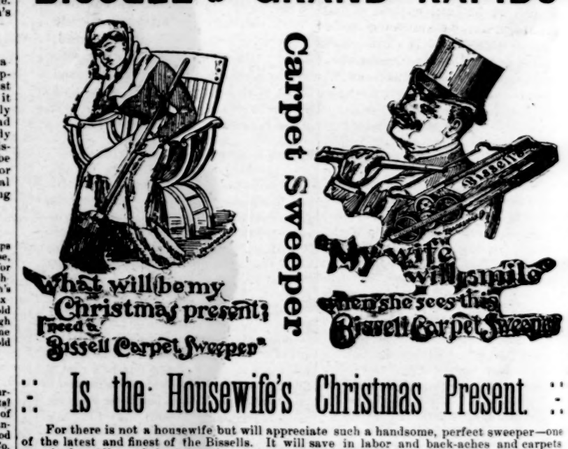
ARE SO CHEAP THEY SELL THEMSELVES.

Call and Save Money by Purchasing your Holiday Presents at

Williams's Racket Store.

December 10, 1891.

BISSELL'S GRAND RAPIDS



Is the Housewife's Christmas Present.

For there is not a housewife but will appreciate such a handsome, perfect sweeper—one of the latest and finest of the Bissells. It will save in labor and back-aches and carpets save in dust, dirt and drudgery; save in that which is most disagreeable in housework.

'Tis the best carpet sweeper yet produced by modern genius.

We have a number of new finishes to select from.

We have also an elegant line of FANCY ROCKERS, TABLES, &c., suitable for Christmas presents.

TO MERCHANTS—We have a fine lot of OFFICE DESKS, including curtain and flat-tops, which we have concluded to put on the market *at cost*, as we are badly crowded for room, and we need this space for quicker moving goods.

S. SHEETZ & SONS.

Fayetteville, Dec. 10, 1891

CAROLINA

-Machine Company-

WANT TO BUY

:-:SECOND-HAND ENGINES:-:

WRITE THEM DESCRIPTION OF WHAT YOU HAVE FOR SALE.

Works and Office, Fayetteville, N. C.

Respectfully,

W. H. RUSSEL, Treas'r.

November 26, 1891.

McCLURE & GRENAMYER,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS, BEDSTEADS, ETC.

WE ARE NOW READY TO OFFER TO THE TRADE A

FULL LINE

of house-building material, sash, doors, blinds, mouldings, casings, scroll-work, turned-work, flooring, ceiling, wainscoting and rough lumber.

July 30—6m. Orders promptly filled.

Winburn, the Photographer!

In this portion of the State Winburn is the LEADING PHOTOGRAPHER.

A High Grade of Work at a Reasonable Price.

Gallery on Person Street, about fifty yards east of Market Square.

Oct. 15, 1891.—tf

FOR SALE.

One Lookwalter Engine and Boiler complete, 6½ horse power; one Circular Saw Frame and Mandrill, and five saws of the following sizes: 32 inch, 25 inch, 21½ inch, 10 inch and 12 inch; Belting

THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

Published Every Thursday at 19 Green Street (Observer Building.)

THURSDAY.....JANUARY 7, 1892.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

☞ For other local see 2nd page.

The Purchase Tax.

At the meeting of the board of county commissioners here Monday an order was passed, authorizing the sheriff to collect the merchants' purchase tax.

Appeal from Japan.

Read the thrilling but heartrending letter from Japan in another column, to the force of which we could add nothing by words. Friends, let us help these afflicted people to whatever extent we can.

A Sad Death.

We regret to learn of the death of Mr. Chas. A. McNeill, at Carthage, last week—a talented member of the Moore county bar, and a member of one of the leading families of that section of the State.

"Tripping It" on Christmas Day.

The afternoon of Christmas day was spent in the enjoyment of a german at Williams Hall by a pleasant party of young people. The dance was led alternately by Messrs. C. L. Campbell and J. A. Moore.

Emancipation Day.

The colored people of Fayetteville last Friday celebrated the anniversary of the emancipation of their race in the South by an imposing street parade, the firing of salutes, and addresses by Bishop J. W. Hood, Rev. Mr. Gibbons and Dr. Moore. The best of order was maintained.

Religious Notes.

Rev. Mr. McIlvaine greatly pleased the congregations having the good fortune to hear him in the Presbyterian Church last Sunday morning and evening. He is quite young—only recently graduated from the theological seminary—but evinces the ability which is to make his future ministry powerful and useful.

An Elegant Reception.

Mrs. A. S Huske, on Dick street, received last Thursday afternoon a party of the old friends of her mother, Mrs. B. Fuller, of Durham, who has been making her a visit, and left on Tuesday last. It was a delightful assemblage in this refined and hospitable abode, and during the afternoon an elegant collation was served.

Reynard Sore Beset.

The hunting-club of Fayetteville has enjoyed some beautiful runs during the holidays. One day last week, with Mr. Geo. A Burns's fine pack of hounds, two foxes were caught in Carver's Creek township, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M. We "praise for a reply" from North Carolina "sports" whose dogs can show a better record.

Passenger and Mail Trains.

Mr. G. W. Lake informs us that on or about the first of next week a strictly mail and passenger train will be run over the C. F. & Y. V. R. R., between Greensboro and Bennettsville, connecting at the latter place with the C. S. & N. R. R., and thus forming through trains between Greensboro and Charleston. Between Fayetteville and Wilmington and Mt. Airy and Greensboro mixed trains will be run as at present.

An Appeal Generously Answered.

We are truly rejoiced to know that the appeal made by Rev. Dr. Moore, pastor of Hay Street Methodist Church, during the services of Sunday morning, 20th ult., that donations be made in behalf of the needy and afflicted of the congregation, met with generous response.

The ladies of the distributing committee meeting on the following Saturday morning at the Sunday-school room, were greeted by thirty-five or forty large baskets well laden, which were judiciously apportioned, their contents bestowing no little comfort and pleasure.

St. Nicholas at Rose Chapel.

The young people of the Sunday-school and congregation of Rose Chapel, in the southern suburbs of the city, spent two or three happy hours about a brilliantly-lighted, beautifully-adorned and profusely-laden Christmas tree—the thoughtful provision for their innocent pleasure of kind friends of the Chapel and community.

Mr. E. A. Poe appeared in the character of Santa Claus—a right goodly, portly and comfortable seeming dispenser of rich gifts—but contented himself with a more modest retiracy than Mr. Winburn's startling apotheosis of blazing cotton batting and sizzing locks.

A Crowd of Rowdies.

We heard a conductor on the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway say that, with a long and varied experience in transporting large bodies of people, he had rarely or never had to do with a more disorderly crowd than he pulled out with from the depot on Christmas Eve. Bad whisky made bad blood, and bad blood stirred up a tragedy before the train reached Hope Mills, one negro shooting another down, bounding from the car with the engine at full speed, and making his escape. It was thought that the wound received by the man was fatal, but we have since learned that he will recover.

Fires.

The quietude of Sunday last was twice disturbed by the alarm of fire, attended by no inconsiderable loss of property.

At about 3 o'clock in the afternoon the dwelling just north of Evans Chapel, known as the Murchison house, caught fire, and, in spite of all efforts, was consumed, together with the house adjoining. There was a stiff wind blowing, and the flames spread rapidly.

Between 9:30 and 10 o'clock at night the kitchen of Mr. Weldon W. Huske, on Haymount, was destroyed by fire, and at one time the residence was in great danger; but, through the exertions of the assembled neighbors, the flames were kept within bounds.

Hope Mills-Bound and Pleasure-Bent.

Responding to a most flattering invitation by Messrs. H. C. Gadsby and S. H. Cotton, the efficient and genial managers of the Hope Mills Manufacturing Company, Col. J. A. Pemberton, Hon. J. C. McRae, Capt. A. B. Williams, Col. J. B. Starr, Sheriff J. B. Smith and the writer boarded the south-bound passenger train over the C. F. & Y. V. R. R. for Hope Mills on Saturday, the 26th ult.

Arriving there at about 2:30 o'clock, we were met at the depot and escorted over mill No. 2, and there, as well as at mill No 1, most royally entertained until the hour of departure on our return to Fayetteville.

We were first shown through the extensive manufacturing concerns of this growing little hamlet, and during our stay were the recipients of many attentions. Mill No. 2 was most tastefully and appropriately decorated with flowers of many colors, evergreens and mistletoe, the holly and myrtle, with other evidences of holiday attire in profusion for the Christmas festivities. Hither and thither circles and semi-circles were gracefully suspended, with occasional emblems of "Peace on earth, good will toward men," and archways of richly tinted flowers and cedar to "welcome the coming and speed the parting guest."

On the second floor, in the department presided over by children and adults, each loom was decorated with olive branches, around which a sufficient amount of lint cotton had been interwoven to give the entire apartment a typical scene of a snow-covered forest, and, coupled with the dazzling brilliancy of electric lights, painted a picture to the mind's eye most beautiful indeed.

Returning to the village proper, we were warmly received and sumptuously entertained at the private residences of Messrs. Gadsby and Cotton, each, after which the pleasure-bent party was soon found, couched in a first-class "rig," homeward-bound, elated over the experiences and observations of the trip. Both mills, we are glad to learn, are enjoying a season of unusual success.

Death of Maj. T. D. Love.

In a few days—when we shall have become more conversant with the circumstances of his sad demise, and feel better prepared to do justice to that life the quenching of whose light is not to be dismissed in few words—we shall endeavor to pay our heartfelt tribute to the sterling worth of Maj. Thaddeus D. Love, who expired at his residence in Wilmington yesterday morning, 6th inst. For to-day we can only say that we sorrow as those whose tears fall upon the bier of one very dear, and that the grief throughout this community is that manifested for the loss of a valued and cherished friend.

Straightforward by nature and upright in character, the clean, wholesome, honorable way of life was Maj. Love's way, rendering his influence salutary and powerful with his people and section, while the brilliant qualities of his mind made him a delightful companion, and the beautiful simplicity of his heart attracted men to him as a charming and lovable friend. Back of all this was a youth lustrous with soldierly deeds for his country's sake, and such services of stout arm and dauntless heart as belonged to the "cavalier without fear and without reproach."

"At Rest."

This simple description caught the eye as the shrouded and coffined form of Mrs. Sophia McLean was borne through the solemn portals of St. John's Church, on the morning of Saturday, December 26th, where beautiful services commended that ripe soul to the blessed companionship of our Lord, and committed that consecrated dust to the keeping of mortal earth.

At Rest! Heaven's repose won at last, and surcease of earth's sorrows found in the sheltering arms of the Father—gained as the crown of a pure womanhood, a faithful wifehood and a devoted motherhood; the brave heart beating all the stronger for self-sacrifice, the little hands never weary in offices of love, the fragile form a prop and a stay to the overburdened and afflicted soul. "Blessed are the pure in heart, for they shall see God."

So long Thy power hath blessed me, sure it still
Will lead me on,
O'er moor and fen, o'er crag and torrent, till
The night is gone;
And with the morn those angel-faces smile
That I have loved long since, and lost awhile.

Obituary.

We have to record two touchingly melancholy deaths with the passing away of the old, and the ushering in of the new, year—bright lives stifled in their first vigorous flame, blighted in the freshness of the flower, cut off in the exuberance of youth.

Young Bert Hill, son of Rev. Dr. H. G. Hill, of Maxton, a boy of fine promise and very lovable traits, whose childhood was passed in our midst, died at the Business College of Poughkeepsie on the 30th ult., and his remains were brought to his home in this State for interment.

Malcolm Williams, son of the late James M. Williams, died at the residence of his uncle, Jno. D. Williams, Esq., on Monday night, after a long period of delicate health. He was a youth of remarkably bright intellect, and, notwithstanding physical suffering piteous for one of such tender years, his precocity of mind was undimmed to the last. The funeral services took place from the Presbyterian Church yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Leap Year Entertainment.

We are disappointed at the failure to receive from a young society friend a report promised of the Leap Year ball, which took place last Friday evening. By all who participated in its pleasure it is spoken of with enthusiasm as one of the most delightful and elegant entertainments of years—that goes without saying as, honoring the season in its observance, it was a compliment tendered by our fair women to the sterner sex; and, in their incomparable management, they showed themselves as felicitous in bestowing as in receiving attention.

Bridge the Barrier.

There are portions of Cumberland and Harnett counties the people of which are needing badly, and have been needing for years, the facilities which would be afforded by a bridge constructed across the Cape Fear river at some point (a general *consensus* of opinion would indicate the best point) between Smith's Ferry and Averasboro.

For the lack of this convenience all their interests suffer, and the people of a large neighborhood, who are attracted to Fayetteville by inclination and tradition, and who would gladly carry on all their trade with us, have been diverted to Raleigh because a river flows between us, to cross which they are compelled to travel clear down to Clarendon Bridge.

But this is not all. Many living on one side of the Cape Fear depend on a church on the other side for all their religious privileges, making it always inconvenient and sometimes impossible to attend service, while social relations between neighbors and friends are greatly hampered.

Of course these people would prefer a free bridge, but if this be impossible liberal patronage would be extended to a toll bridge; and the individual or company investing a little capital in this enterprise would be well remunerated.

We would be glad to hear from that section on this subject.

Seventeen Ninety-one—Eighteen Ninety-two.

Aunt Betty Heuderson, better known by the present generation as Aunt Betty Mallett, a venerable and venerated colored woman of this community, died last Saturday, the funeral services, conducted by Rev. Mr. McIlvaine, taking place from the Presbyterian Church, of which she had been a faithful and devout member for more than an ordinary lifetime—never absent from her wonted seat in the right-hand corner to partake of the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, so long as her weak and trembling frame availed to bear the consecrated soul to the altar. The imposing character of the last services to the dead, and the large attendance of both white and colored mourning friends, attested the esteem in which she was held.

The circumstances of her death were piteous. Sitting in a room alone, she fainted—it is supposed, from the heat of the fire—and fell forward into the blaze, receiving injuries which proved too severe for the feeble, lingering spark of life. She was undoubtedly the oldest inhabitant of Fayetteville—we forbear to state her age with positiveness; but those who knew her best claim that at her birthday in November last she had reached 100 years.

Knights of Pythias.

At the last meeting of Cumberland Lodge, No. 5, K. of P., P. G. C. W. S. Cook installed the newly-elected officers, with one or two exceptions, who were unavoidably absent. The officers for the term are: W. C. Holland, Chancellor-Commander; John Underwood, Vice-Chancellor; E. H. Jennings, Prelate; R. G. Haigh, Master-at-Arms; J. C. Vann, K. of R. & S.; H. O. Sedberry, M. of F.; T. J. Whitted, M. of E.; R. F. Amos, I. G.; J. H. Monaghan, O. G.; W. S. Sheetz, Organist, Edward Sykes, Janitor. Trustees: J. P. Thomson, R. M. Nimocks and W. S. Cook.

The Chancellor-Commander announced the standing committees as follows:

Relief—Jno. Underwood, E. H. Jennings, H. O. Sedberry, J. C. Vann and W. C. Holland.

Finance—W. S. Sheetz, H. L. Cook and W. N. Williams

Supervision—J. R. Williams, R. O. Whitaker and A. P. Johnson.

Widows and Orphans—T. J. Whitted, W. S. Cook and D. A. McMillan.

The Visiting Committee will be appointed and announced at the meeting next Tuesday night.

"Prince of Peace."

The Saviour's kingly title, "Prince of Peace," shone through the glistening sheen of trailing ivy and the living green of the graceful, feathery fern, where tasteful fingers had woven a sylvan screen about the altar in St. John's Church on Christmas day, and softly through the stained windows of the beautiful church the rosate light stole past the undulating curtain of evergreen and gleaming holly, while above bowed worshiping heads floated the sacred song proclaiming "Peace on earth, good will to men."

The ornate interior decorations and the impressive services, conducted by the beloved, gifted rector, Rev. Thos. Atkinson, assisted by the venerated Dr. J. C. Huske, rendered the exercises of the morning of more than usual interest.

A Christmas Tree with Almost a Tragedy.

Miss Kate Matthews treated the pupils of her school to the delights of a Christmas tree on the evening of the 25th ult., and the enjoyable incidents surrounding it bid fair at one time to be overclouded by a tragic occurrence.

Mr. J. T. Winburn, personating Santa Claus, was fairly enveloped in fluffy cotton stuff, which, as he approached too near a pendent light, was suddenly ignited, and flared up into a fierce blaze. Acting with much presence of mind, Mr. Winburn made for the piazza outside, tearing off his trappings as he went; but, with all that, he received severe burns on his hands and neck, his hair was badly singed, and, had he not fortunately worn a dough face, he would doubtless have been dangerously injured.

"A Social Session."

At Williams Hall next Monday evening we will have, as the first attraction of the new year, "A Social Session," of which the Atlanta *Constitution* says:

A better satisfied audience than filled the opera house last night, to see "A social Session," seldom returns from an evening's entertainment. This attraction is well calculated to put an audience in the proper frame of mind to enjoy their performance. The superb band and orchestra creates a sensation of exquisite delight, and after the sweet strains die away the curtain rises on farce and comedy, breezy and ludicrous, and the most staid auditor soon loses control of his deportment, and is prepared to enjoy the fun to the fullest, while the merit of the play increases with each act.

People and Their Movements.

Mrs. J. A. Hodges spent Christmas with her friends in Greensboro.

Mr. R. W. Hicks, of Wilmington, spent a day or two in Fayetteville this week.

Mr. Jas. Marsh enjoyed a few days of Christmas holiday with his friends here.

Mr. C. P. Mallett spent a few days during Christmas with friends and relatives.

We were glad to see Mr. E. W. O'Hanon, now of Winston, during the holidays.

Mr. Chas. Pearce spent part of the Christmas holidays with friends in Sampson.

Miss Joanna Costin came up from Wilmington last week, but returned on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Smith, of Hillsboro, Texas, are visiting their relatives in this city.

Mr. E. R. McKethan, of the University Law School, took his Christmas dinner at home.

Mr. P. H. Emmitt, now residing in Georgia, made our office a pleasant call last week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Breeden, of Bennettsville, spent Christmas with their many friends here.

Mrs. Gardener has been making a visit to her sisters, Mrs. J. B. Smith and Mrs. Geo. Brandt.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Sedberry spent their holidays in Enfield, with the parents of Mrs. Sedberry.

Mr. R. B. Lutterloh, of Ashburn, Ga., was with his many friends here for a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Bristow, of Clio, S. C., spent Christmas with friends and relatives in Fayetteville.

Glad to have a pleasant call from ex-State Senator W. L. Williams, of Little River Academy, Monday.

Mr. Thos. J. Pegram, Jr., a popular and esteemed citizen of Winston, spent Christmas with Fayetteville friends.

A veil was found on Dick street a few days ago which the owner can recover by calling on Mrs. T. M. Hunter.

Mr. C. B. Mallett, of Wilmington, gladdened his many sincere Fayetteville friends by a visit during the holidays.

Miss Emma Murchison, who has been making an extended visit to friends North, returned home a few days since.

Mr. Geo. B. Underwood, very popular here, now with D. T. Swindell, at Raleigh, took a few days of holiday in Fayetteville.

Mr. A. B. Pearsall, mayor of Red Springs, was here this week, on his return from a pleasant visit to his old home in Duplin.

Mrs. B. Fuller, of Durham, has been making a visit to her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Huske, on Dick street.

Messrs. G. J. Boney and J. A. Worth, of Wilmington, for whom Cumberland is said to possess special attractions, were here a short while Monday.

Messrs. A. J. Cook, Jennings Pemberton, W. C. McDuffie, Jr. J. W. Hollingsworth and J. B. Underwood, Jr., spent the holidays sight-seeing around New York.

Mr. Edward Kyle, General Freight and Passenger Agent of the Charleston, Sumter & Northern R. R., spent a few days at home with the going out of the old year.

Mr. J. A. McArthur, Jr., the efficient principal of the high school at Kenansville, has returned to his duties after a brief holiday with his family in this county.

Mr. A. M. Fairley, after enjoying the hearty welcome of his Cumberland friends during Christmas, has returned to Tarboro, where he is as much esteemed as in his old home.

Col. Jno. W. Hinsdale, of Raleigh, visited his friends here last week. We are glad to know that he is suffering less from rheumatism, though still unable to throw aside his crutches.

Mr. D'Lagnel Haigh, now a resident of New York, spent Christmas with his relations here; we are glad to know of his continued success, so well earned by his ability and energy.

It gave us much pleasure to meet in the city this week Mrs. H. A. Foote, Jr., of Carthage, the accomplished wife of the editor of the Carthage *Blade*, *nee* Miss Danae Ferguson, one of the loveliest of the daughters of our neighboring county.

Col. Thos. H. Sutton, now of Winston, was warmly greeted by his many home friends during the Christmas holidays. We had the pleasure of looking over a beautiful map of the Winston property offered for sale by his Land and Improvement Company. In making it up he did not forget his first love, and the streets, avenues and boulevards bear names honoring localities in the Cape Fear section.

A Handsome Xmas Present.

W. Frank Blount, of the North State Music Company, Raleigh, N. C., sold to Mr. W. G. Clark, of this city, one of the celebrated Wegman Pianos which was exhibited by the above firm at our late Fair.

These Pianos are not only a masterpiece of artistic design, but they have what is conceded to be the greatest invention of the age in the construction of Pianos, which is a patent friction Tuning Pin, by which the instrument will keep in tune for an almost indefinite period. Mr. Clark gave the Piano to his daughter for a Christmas present, who is certainly to be congratulated in possessing such an elegant instrument.

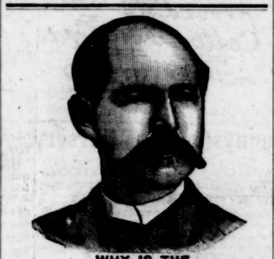
Both Saint and Sinner.

It troubles the sinner and troubles the saint,
It's a troublesome, tiring and nasty complaint,
Don't think it incurable; I tell you it ain't.
Excuse the grammar: it's the truth I'm after,
whether grammatically or ungrammatically told. The truth is, that catarrh can be cured. The proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy offer $500 for an incurable case of Catarrh in the Head.

THE SYMPTOMS OF CATARRH.—Headache, obstruction of nose, discharges falling into the throat, sometimes profuse, watery and acrid, at others, thick, tenacious, mucous, prurient, bloody, putrid and offensive; eyes weak, ringing in the ears, deafness, offensive breath, smell and taste impaired, and general debility. Only a few of these symptoms likely to be present at once. Dr. Sage's Remedy cures the worst cases. Only 50 cents. Sold by druggists everywhere.

Dressing in Good Taste.

American ladies, especially in the larger cities and towns, are becoming noted for their good taste in dress. This is largely due to the fact that they secure the best Fashion Journals published, and by a careful study of them they get correct ideas upon the all-important subject of dress. Any lady can cultivate her taste in this direction if she will only go to the trouble of comparing the styles found in the reliable Fashion Journals published by A. McDowell & Co., 4 West 14th St, N. Y., with those appearing in other Fashion Magazines. Those issued by A. McDowell & Co. are produced only by the best artists, and are for the most part plain, and in every respect practical; the others are generally very loud or dowdy, and thoroughly unsuitable for the requirements of American women. The firm of A. McDowell & Co. seeks to furnish ladies with genuine French styles, such as can be used without any danger of appearing ridiculous. Hence their Fashion Journals are now the favorites with all ladies of good taste throughout the country. "La Mode de Paris" gives the latest French styles. "Album des Modes" furnishes styles which are popular in Paris. "La Mode" gives a selection of styles which are serviceable to the family. The two former are each 35 cents a copy, or $3.50 a year. The last is 15 cents a copy, or $1.50 per annum. They are supplied by newsdealers, or direct to subscribers from the house. It



WHY IS THE
W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN
THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY?

It is a seamless shoe, with no tacks or wax thread to hurt the feet; made of the best fine calf, stylish and easy, and *because we make more shoes of this grade than any other manufacturer*, it equals hand-sewed shoes costing from $4.00 to $6.00.

$5.00 Genuine Hand-sewed, the finest calf shoe ever offered for $5.00; equals French imported shoes which cost from $8.00 to $12.00.

$4.00 Hand-Sewed Welt Shoe, fine calf, stylish, comfortable and durable. The best shoe ever offered at this price; same grade as custom-made shoes costing from $6.00 to $8.00.

$3.50 Police Shoe; Farmers, Railroad Men and Letter Carriers all wear them; fine calf, seamless, smooth inside, heavy three soles, extension edge. One pair will wear a year.

$2.50 fine calf; no better shoe ever offered at this price; one trial will convince those who want a shoe for comfort and service.

$2.25 and $2.00 Workingman's shoes are very strong and durable. Those who have given them a trial will wear no other make.

Boys' $2.00 and $1.75 school shoes are worn by the boys everywhere; they sell on their merits, as the increasing sales show.

Ladies' $3.00 Hand-sewed shoe, best Dongola, very stylish; equals French imported shoes costing from $4.00 to $6.00.

Ladies' 2.50, $2.00 and $1.75 shoe for Misses are the best fine Dongola, Stylish and durable.

Caution.—See that W. L. Douglas' name and price are stamped on the bottom of each shoe.

☞ TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE. ☜
Insist on local advertised dealers supplying you.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by
ROSE & LEAK,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Jan 7th, 1892. 5m.

1892.
NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE
—FOR THE—
NEW YORK WEEKLY HERALD
The Best and Cheapest Family Journal in the United States.
ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

With the most perfect news-gathering machinery, and with correspondents in every section of the habitable globe, the WEEKLY HERALD is enabled to lay before its readers the latest intelligence and most entertaining news from every city and country in the world.

The reputation for freedom and independence which it has acquired during the many years of its prosperous career will be maintained

DURING THE YEAR 1892.

SPECIAL FEATURES FOR THE YEAR

Original Articles on Practical Farming and Gardening.
Progress in Science. Woman's Work.
Serials and Short Stories by the Best Authors.
Literature and Art. Wit and Humor.
News for Veterans, and Information on all Subjects.

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JAMES GORDON BENNETT,
New York Weekly Herald, New York City.

ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

Do not fail to Subscribe now for the *NEW YORK WEEKLY HERALD.*
Jan'y 7, 1892—1t

A Happy New Year,
and many happy returns of the day to our friends and the public, every one, is our very earnest wish.

We highly appreciate past patronage, and promise with full cooperation on your part to continue dispensing

High Grade Goods
— AT LIVE AND LET LIVE PRICES. —
Don't forget to try our
BEST MINCE MEAT
AT 10 CTS. PER LB.
Very truly,
A. S. HUSKE, Ag't.
Jan. 7, 1892. tf

Land Mortgage Sale.

By virtue of power of sale contained in a mortgage deed from James P. Robertson and wife, Emily J. Robertson, to The People's National Bank of Fayetteville, N. C., dated 23rd December, 1890, and duly registered in Book P. No. 4, page 429, the undersigned will offer at public sale, at the Court House door in Fayetteville, N. C., on Saturday, February 6th, 1892, at 12 o'clock M., seven hundred acres of land in 21st Township, Cumberland County, N. C., about 11 miles from Fayetteville, on both sides of Rockfish Creek, lying between the Morganton and Chicken Roads, known as the J. L. Bryan or J. H. Flanner land. Terms, cash.

WILLIAM J. LEDUC, Receiver of The People's National Bank.
JAMES P. ROBERTSON.
R. P. BUXTON, Attorney
Fayetteville, N. C., Jan'y 7, 1892—ts

For Sale.

That desirable place on Haymount formerly owned and occupied by Col A. H Worth, known as the summer residence of the late D. A. Ray—a comfortable six-room dwelling, with all necessary outhouses and attractive grounds. Belonging to the property are 15 acres of valuable land—a grand part thereof fronting on the street leading to Glenville Pond, and easily divided into eligible building lots with pleasant location. On the premises are good water, a never-failing spring and fish-pond. For terms call on or address

WELDON W HUSKE.
Fayetteville, N. C.
Jan'y 7, 1892—tf

Annual Meeting.

Notice is hereby given that the regular annual meeting of the Fayetteville Wooden Ware Company will be held in the Town Hall on Thursday, Jan'y 14th, 1892, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

J. W. McNEILL, Pres't.
C. L. TAYLOR, Sec'y and Treas'r.
Jan'y 7, 1892.

For Sale or Rent.

I offer for sale or rent (sale preferred) on easy terms the Martin Farm on the east side of the River. Mr. W. C. Troy can give information to parties wishing to buy
E. A. POE.
Fayetteville, N. C.
Jan'y 7, 1892. 3w

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BARGAINS HERE!

FOR THIRTY DAYS.

IN ORDER TO REDUCE

my immense stock before taking my annual inventory, I will sell for the next thirty days

More Goods

for a small amount of money than were ever sold before. This applies to my

Clothing Store

as well as my

Dry Goods.

MY STOCK IN BOTH LINES IS

FRESH and ATTRACTIVE.

and I extend a special invitation to all to call early, and I think I can convince them that

MY PRICES ARE LOW ENOUGH,

and that any article they purchase is really a

BARGAIN.

FRANK THORNTON.
Jan. 5—2t.

Opera House!

January 11, 1892.
—COMING—
THE SPARKLING COMEDY SUCCESS,
A SOCIAL SESSION,
ACCOMPANIED BY THE FAMOUS BLACK HUSSAR BAND AND MAGNIFICENT STAR ORCHESTRA.
Seats on sale at Pemberton's Bookstore.
Prices 50 and 75 cents.
Jan. 7, 1892—1t

Valuable Horse for Sale.

DARK BAY, suitable for lady's riding or driving horse or for farm work.
Also JERSEY CATTLE of both sexes. Would exchange the latter for corn or bacon.
W. F. CAMPBELL.
Jan. 7, 1892—2t

NOTICE OF INCORPORATION.

NORTH CAROLINA, } In Superior Court,
CUMBERLAND COUNTY } December 2nd, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that the Fayetteville Water and Power Company has this day been duly incorporated by and under the laws of North Carolina; that the business proposed is to supply and furnish to municipal and private corporations, firms and individuals water and power for hire and reward, and for this purpose to construct, establish, maintain and operate at or adjacent to Fayetteville, N. C., a system of water works with necessary and appurtenant plant, machinery and appliances for the supply of water and power, and its transmission and distribution to such points of use and supply thereof as they may see proper; that the duration of the corporate existence is sixty years; that the names of the persons who have subscribed to the capital stock of the corporation are as follows, viz: John M. Gardner, T. D. McGimsson and J. D. McNeill; the amount of the capital stock is one hundred thousand dollars, to be divided into one thousand shares of one hundred dollars each. No shareholder shall be individually liable for the debts of the corporation.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of my office, at office in Fayetteville, N. C., December 2nd, 1891.

CHAS. G. CAIN,
Clerk Superior Court,
Cumberland County, N. C.
Dec. 3, 1891.

E. A. POE
BRICK AND TILE MANUFACTURER,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
June 25, 1891. tf

WRIGHT'S.

The Cafe on Green Street is now open for the reception of guests—the building repainted and refitted, the table service new and elegant, and polite and trained waiters in attendance. At

Wright's Cafe

the best OYSTERS and other viands, in season, will be served in the best style.

At Wright's Cafe

the stranger in town for a few hours, or the business man too hurried to go home, can get LUNCH and HOT COFFEE at all hours.
Oct. 22, 1891. tf

THANKS!

Having enjoyed an exceedingly prosperous year, and wishing to show our appreciation to a liberal public, we desire to thank our patrons, one and all, hoping them a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year,
We remain your obedient servants,
ROYALL & BORDEN.
Dec. 24, 1891—tf

FOR RENT.

That desirable House and Lot on Haymount, adjoining Mr. J. A. Worth' place, and known as the "Pemberton Place." Terms very reasonable. For further information apply to Mr. J. A. Worth or
N. A. SINCLAIR, Att'y.
Dec. 24, 1891. 4t.

Administrator's Notice.

The undersigned having qualified as administrator of the estate of Robert H. Tomlinson, dec'd, notice is hereby given to all persons holding claims against said estate to present them duly authenticated on or before the 24th day of December, 1892. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.
W. S. COOK,
Administrator.
HENRY L. COOK, Attorney.
Dec. 24, 1891. 6t

FOR SALE.

Wishing to change my business, I will sell out at a sacrifice, to CASH purchaser, my Furniture and Fixings at the Park House—one of the most pleasantly situated Hotels in the State, only one minute's walk from each of the depots. Will satisfy purchaser that it will pay on investment. Address or apply to
MRS. T. G. HALL,
Proprietress Park House,
Fayetteville, N. C.
Dec. 17, 1891—3t

YOU CAN MAKE
SEVEN - CENT - COTTON
—BY USING—
"HOME FERTILIZER."

SELKIRK, S. C., Sept. 27th, 1890.
Messrs. Boykin, Carmer & Co., Baltimore, Md.:
DEAR SIRS:—Replying to yours of a few days ago, would say that I have used "Home Fertilizer" for several years, and made more clear money during those years than any other since I have been farming, and have done nothing else.
Yours truly,
NEIL A. McLEOD.

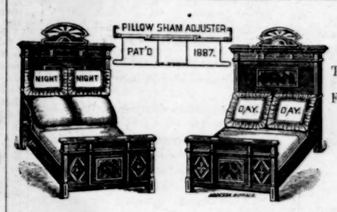
TALLAHASSEE, Fla., Oct. 4th, 1889.
Messrs. Boykin, Carmer & Co., Baltimore, Md.:
GENTLEMEN:—Having bought and used one car-load of your "Home Fertilizer," I can cheerfully recommend it as one of the finest fertilizers on the market; at the same time it is the cheapest, and appears especially adapted to the soil of Middle Florida. It forces the crops to early maturity, and largely increases the yield, and I am confident that it permanently improves the land. I expect to use three car-loads the coming season.
Very truly yours,
T. J. ROBERTS.

MOORE'S MILL, Ga., Jan. 10th, 1891.
Boykin, Carmer & Co.:
DEAR SIRS:—I used two formulas of your "Home Fertilizer" last season under cotton and corn. I gathered a bale of cotton to the acre. I measured one acre of corn land, and gathered sixty-eight bushels of corn, by weight, off the acre. I am well pleased with your "Home Fertilizer."
Yours truly,
J. J. KEETER.

HALLSVILLE, N. C., Oct. 31st, 1891.
Mr. S. O. Middleton:
DEAR SIR:—The "Home Fertilizer" bought of you in the spring was the best I ever used. I used two and one-half formulas on seven acres, and the cotton was the best I have ever made. I have used several brands of guano, but none equal this.
Yours truly,
D. D. Brown.

BOYKIN, CARMER & CO., BALTIMORE, MD.
January 7th, 1892. 1m.

Read Every Word!

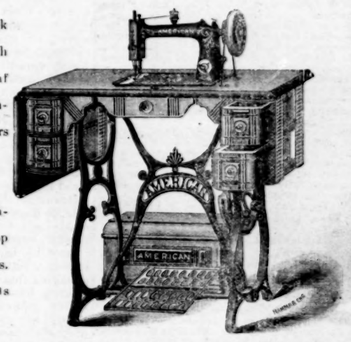


USEFUL HOUSEHOLD ARTICLES—THE VERY THING FOR A CHRISTMAS PRESENT.

PILLOW-SHAM HOLDERS ONLY 75 CTS. EACH.

The very cheapest Furniture in North Carolina. Bedsteads at $1.35, Bureaux at $5.00, Washstands at 89 cts., Mattresses at $1.85, Ladies' Rockers for 89 cts., Large Gent's Rockers for $1.25, Chairs 37½ cents.

EVERYBODY SHOULD GO TO
ROYALL & BORDEN'S
CLEARING SALE
—OF—
FURNITURE,
S. E. CORNER MARKET SQUARE, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.



This Elegant Antique Oak Framed Sewing Machine with Five Drawers and Drop Leaf and Complete Set of Attachments—warranted for 5 years—only $26.50. The last one.

Two Walnut Framed Machines with 3 Drawers and Drop Leaf—warranted for five years. A complete set of attachments for only $25.00.

Our Entire Stock at Panic Prices!

A nice Willow Rocker for $2.50; a neat Centre Table for 90 cts. or $125; an elegant Suite of Antique Oak Bedroom Furniture, consisting of Dresser, with a 20x30 inch German Plate Glass, Bedstead, Washstand, 4 Oak Chairs, 1 Oak Rocker, 1 Oak Centre Table, Towel Rack—all for $24.00. A very pretty light finished Poplar Suite with 18 to 20 inch Glass in Bureau, 10 pieces for $17.50; a Six-piece Crushed Plush Parlor Suite for $32.50; a Six-piece Silk Plush Parlor Suit for $35.00.

Don't miss the opportunity. Every article warranted as represented or money refunded
ROYALL & BORDEN.
Fayetteville, N. C., Dec. 24, 1891—tf

SOMETHING NEW!

I have just received from the sale of a broken Importing House in New York several cases of
NEW AND STYLISH
Dress Goods,
which are indeed beautiful, and would be cheap at 75 cents, but which I will offer for a few days at the unheard-of price of 50 cents per yard.
Come at once and see them before they are all gone.
FRANK W. THORNTON.
Nov. 12, 1891. tf

J. A. SHAW,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN
Rough Lumber,
For Dwelling Houses, Bridges and other purposes.

His mills, situated a short distance from town, are in first-class condition, and all orders, large or small, will receive prompt attention.
Dec 17, 1891—tf

To Builders and Others.

Finished Flooring, Beaded or Plain Ceiling, Planed Posts, Rails and Palings any length. All the latest patterns of Mouldings furnished on short notice at lowest prices.

ALL KINDS OF BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

Estimates given. Orders solicited from abroad. Address
WALTER WATSON,
Fayetteville, N. C.
apl-tf

H. I. McDUFFIE,
General Insurance Agent,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
—REPRESENTING—
The NIAGARA (Fire) of New York, Organized in 1851. Assets over $2,000,000.
The ORIENT (Fire) of Hartford, Conn., Organized in 1866. Assets $2,000,000.
The NEW YORK LIFE, of New York, Organized in 1845. Assets $116,000,000.
—AND OTHER—
Life, Fire, Accident and Live Stock Companies.

Insurance placed anywhere in Cumberland and adjacent counties.
Office—Room No. 10, Thornton Block, Fayetteville, N. C.
nov. 5, 1891. 3m

NOTICE!
Steam Saw Mill for Sale.

I offer for sale the KLARPP STEAM SAW MILL, located on Big Rockfish, just immediately between the C. F. & Y. V. R. R. and the Atlantic Coast Line—not exceeding 400 feet from either road. The plant consists of a 40-horse power engine and boiler, 52 inch saw, log-drag, &c.—a complete saw-mill outfit. Location unsurpassed, both for the purchase of logs and timber; excellent freight facilities, &c., thereby enabling one to move either through line for the shipment of lumber. Capacity 10,000 feet per day. Any one needing such proper'y would do well to examine it. For terms, &c., apply to
A. B. WILLIAMS,
June 11, 1891—tf Fayetteville, N. C.

Oak Ridge Institute.

This well-known Institution has just closed a most prosperous year, during which time the enrollment has been over 300 students. The new building has just received the finishing touches, and the school will move into it for the first time on January 6th, the opening of the spring term. Send to Messrs. J. A. & M. H. HOLT, Oak Ridge, N. C., for their beautiful illustrated pamphlet descriptive of the school.
Dec 17, 1891—tf

P. P. P.

is recommended by physicians because they see its healthy effects all around them.

A leading physician in New York, and director of one of the large hospitals, says, February 8, 1890, he has made use of the P. P. P. sent him, and was pleased to say P. P. P. proved efficacious in a number of cases, and adds, it is no more than he should have anticipated from the satisfactory combination of such well known drugs.

A prominent railway superintendent of Savannah (name given on application) says he was crippled by a disease in legs and arms, powerless to walk or eat without assistance, having lost the use of his limbs by rheumatism, malaria, dyspepsia, etc. Physicians here sent him to New York and they returned him here, and he was as complete a wreck as one could be and live. A course of P. P. P. has made him a well man.

P. P. P. is known among physicians in the South for its various and wonderful cures as the great blood purifier of the age.

Blood Poison

Primary, Secondary and Tertiary Syphilis, old sores, pimples, blotches, scrofula, blood and mercurial poison and skin diseases are eradicated by the use of P. P. P. Hosts of certificates are in office to show the cures in these diseases where all other medicines have failed.

Rheumatism

Inflammatory, gout, sciatic and its kindred diseases with their excruciating pains are cured by the wonderful blood-cleansing properties of P. P. P (Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium).

Catarrh

Originates in scrofulous taint. P. P. P. purifies the blood, and this prevents catarrh.

For Old Sores, Skin Eruptions, Pimples, Ulcers and Syphilis, use only P. P. P., and get well and enjoy the blessing only to be derived from the use of P P P (Prickly Ash, Poke Root and Potassium). For sale by H. R. HORNE and A. J. COOK & CO

For Boils, Pimples carbuncles, scrofulous sores, eczema, and all other blood diseases, take

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

It will relieve and cure dyspepsia, nervous debility, and that tired feeling.

Has Cured Others will cure you.

May 28, 1891.

Electropoise. TRADE MARK. 1425 N. Y. Ave., Washington, D. C.

OFFICE OF YORK ENTERPRISE, YORKVILLE, S. C., Aug. 14, '91.

ATLANTIC ELECTROPOISE—Gentlemen: For the past five years my wife has been a sufferer from dyspepsia. So completely did the disease make a wreck of her former self that life was almost despaired of. Her nervous system was almost entirely destroyed and the slightest noise would throw her into a nervous spasm, which would last for hours. Medical skill failed to bring any relief.

Through the recommendation of an eminent divine we were induced to try the Electropoise. After a persistent use of the instrument, the effect has been wonderful. Her nervous system has been restored to its almost normal condition; her digestion is wonderfully improved; she is rapidly gaining in flesh; and, upon the whole, is making a rapid recovery, which speaks volumes for the wonderful curative powers of the Electropoise, as her case was considered hopeless. If any are skeptical on the subject, let them try the Electropoise, and its wonderful powers will quickly dispel all doubt.

Yours truly, W. M. PROPST.

For information address as above, or
222 KING ST., CHARLESTON, S. C.
Oct. 1, 1891. 1y

NOTICE.

The undersigned has resumed the practice of law in Fayetteville, N. C. His office is on Hay street, over McDuffie's Drug Store. P. O. box 34.

He will attend the Courts, State and Federal, where his services may be required.

JAMES C. MACRAE.
Jan'y 1, 1891. tf

A. HOEN & CO.,

LITHOGRAPHERS,

Engravers and Printers,

RICHMOND, VA.,

Execute all orders for

LABELS, SHOWCARDS,

CHECKS, DRAFTS,

LETTERHEADS, CARDS, ETC.,

in neatest and modern style.

Nov. 26, 1891. 3m

TOILET CREAM!

THE ABSOLUTE FREEDOM FROM OIL OR STICKINESS MAKES OUR

Toilet Cream

ONE OF THE MOST PLEASANT AND HEALING AGENTS THAT HAS BEEN INTRODUCED FOR

CHAPPED LIPS, FACE OR HANDS.

Gentlemen will find its use after shaving soothing as well as allaying any irritation.

A trial by you makes it at once a

Household Necesity.

A. J. COOK & CO.,
PROPRIETORS,
Fayetteville, N. C.

CATARRH OR PILES.

SYMPTOMS—Moist Skin, Internal Heat, Dryness, Fullness, Nausea, Dizziness, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Impaired Digestion, Loss of Appetite, Bowels Costive, Sick Headache, Faint Feelings, Low Spirits, Blues, Nervousness, Irritability, Nightmare, Tired Feelings, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Head, Back, Kidneys, Flushings of Heat, Debility, Sleeplessness, Highly Colored Urine, and PILES. When a few of these indicate approaching disease, or if you are troubled with any of them, you have no appetite,

Tutt's Pills

will cure these troubles. Try them: you have nothing to lose, but will gain a vigorous body. Price, 25c. per box. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

A New Year's Wish.

I wish you a happy New Year! May roses strew your way,
And paths be glad and peaceful on which you start to-day;
May golden shafts of sunshine bring just a little rain,
And gracious gifts of pleasure hold just a shade of pain—
For skies are fairer which the clouds may sometimes overcast,
And pleasures are the best which come when grief and pain are past;
And if among your roses the ivy is entwined
Your heart will beat the nearer to the heart of all mankind.

I wish you a happy New Year! Ah! who could wish you less?
May all the tender charities that heal, and soothe, and bless,
Be scattered at your feet like flowers, and may you ever impart
To all the weary souls of men the joy within your heart;
For hearts that hold no love know not the joy it is to live—
Our lives are measured by the joys which we to others give.
May charity and kindliness your life and mine imbue;
My joys shall be the brighter for the joys I wish to you.

Exit Old Year.

Your race is run; farewell, old Ninety-one!
What joy or grief you've brought no man can tell.
Those who have shared your joy can lose it not;
Those who have wept—will they not find it well?

Your exit warns us that our exit comes:
A little laughter and some bitter tears;
And in oblivion we who say farewell
Will share your fate—the fate of men and years.

Farm and Garden Notes.

Hens require green food in winter.

Poultry-houses should face the south or south-east.

Turkeys and guineas are industrious foragers for insects.

A good fertile range means everything to your growing stock.

The best turkeys for breeding are those about two years of age.

It will not benefit growing chickens to be out in the rain this month.

Pullets rarely make good mothers: save some of the old hens for hatching.

Cooked food fattens poultry rapidly, one reason for which is that it is very easily digested.

Leaves and chaff make a good litter for hen house floors. By scattering grain among it the fowls will be afforded an opportunity of scratching.

During the winter, if comfortable quarters are provided, the laying hens should have a good feed of wheat daily. There is no better grain for eggs.

Sameness of food is costly. An animal may thrive for a time on a certain diet, but sooner or later a change must be allowed, or the animal will fall off in flesh or productiveness. Variety of food supplies all the requirements.

Farmers who do not have a silo know that the root crops are useful agents in promoting the thrift of the stock in winter, and they make a mistake if they have neither roots nor ensilage for cold weather. Too much dry food entails a loss.

Ploughing Hillsides.

New York World.]

How to plough hillsides so that they will receive the least injury from washing as the result of cultivation is a question on which various opinions have been expressed, with no uniform practice prevailing. Some advise ploughing horizontally across the face of the hill, so that the rain fall, instead of running off in furrows made by ploughing up and down the hill, will be somewhat obstructed in its course, and its absorption by the soil where it has fallen will be favored. It is also sometimes advised to make deep furrows or ditches at intervals on the face of a cultivated hillside, to more perfectly intercept the course of the rain-water, and hold it until it is mostly absorbed by the soil.

An Ohio farmer, with a lengthy experience in a rather hilly region, is on record as saying that where hillsides must be cultivated he emphatically dissents from writers who recommend the making of rows of any crop parallel with the course of the hill, and that it is far better to plough so that each little ditch will carry the small amount of water falling within its valley. Some washing will occur, but many small streams do not occasion as much injury as a few large ones.

The "Wife's Farm."

At its recent annual meeting the State Agricultural Society of Georgia, by a formal resolution unanimously adopted, recommended and urged upon every farmer of that State the setting aside from five to ten acres of land around the homestead, said acreage to be known as the "Wife's Farm," to be devoted exclusively to the culture, on the intensive plan, of grain, grasses, vegetables, etc., and the raising of pigs and poultry, and that an hour or two of each morning shall be devoted by the farmer and his force to cultivating this "wife's farm." The idea of the society is to make each farm self-sustaining and independent.

Thoroughbred Fowls.

It will pay just as well, in proportion, to "breed up" your fowls as to pursue this course with any other live-stock. Use nothing but thoroughbred males, even if you have a flock of common hens. A mongrel cock can in one season depreciate your stock to such an extent that it will require two or three years to repair the damage. On the other hand, the beneficial influence resulting from an infusion of good blood would be plainly preceptible for the same length of time.

Don't Work Colts Too Young.

New York Observer.]

It is a mistake to work colts when they are too young. It is well enough to put the harness on a two-year old, but if he is willing and quiet there is sometimes a temptation to put him at hard work. But each genuinely hard day's work that such a colt does will decrease his value much more than he earns by his labor.

Nothing Else Left.

He—Then you reject me?
She—I'm sorry, very sorry, but I must.
He (deseperately)—Then there is but one thing left for me to do—that's all.
She (anxiously)—Oh, what do you intend to do?
He—Propose to somebody else.

A Falling-Out.

"Oh, prithee, Ethel, let me know
Why thus you have dismissed me?"
"I stood, sir, 'neath the mistletoe
Last night (weeps), you never (weeps) kissed me!"

New Year Poem.

Bills! bills! bills! bills!
Bills! bills! bills!
Bills! bills! bills! bills!
Bills! bills! bills!

☞ Never ask a woman her age unless you desire to witness her rage.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Commendable Comments

"Here are a few of the pleasantest words that ever blotted paper."—*Shakespeare.*

Experience--Comparison--Opinion.

I have carried $20,000 life insurance in the Northwestern Life Insurance Company of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, since 1874, and have received the largest dividends from them over all other insurance I carry, and cheerfully recommend them to all persons desiring life insurance.—*W. W. Moore, Manager New Grand Opera House, Des Moines, Iowa.*

I take pleasure in recommending the Northwestern; have carried two policies in the company for several years, and recently took out the third. Have insurance in other old line companies, but find the dividends in the Northwestern exceed those of any other company.—*N. Barrows Babb, Sec'y and Treas. Otto Chemical Company, Williamsport, Pa.*

I carry life insurance to the amount of $125,000. I have a policy of $30,000 in the Northwestern, and the yearly dividends have been much larger than those of any other company in which I am insured. I regard the Northwestern as a first-class company in every respect.—*S. D. Coykendall, President Cornell Steamboat Company, Rondout, N. Y.*

Mr. Coykendall is also insured in the Equitable New York Life and Connecticut Mutual.

Replying to your favor of this date, I will state that about five years ago I took out a $15,000 policy in your Company; also one in another prominent Company for the same amount and same kind of policy. My dividends in your Company have exceeded the other two hundred and fifty per cent.—*Frank E. Block, Proprietor Steam Cracker Factory, Atlanta, Ga.*

While other policies in different companies held by me have failed to yield such returns as were stated to be probable, the dividends on my policy in the Northwestern have been larger than you stated they would be at the time I insured, and I know of no higher praise that can be given any company.—*J. Newton Fiero, of Bernard & Fiero, Attorneys, Kingston, N. Y.*

I am the possessor of five policies in the Northwestern, and my only regret is that they do not represent more insurance. Have compared dividends and "additions to paid up policy" with friends insured in other companies, and am satisfied the Northwestern takes the lead and will continue to lead the van.—*F. L. Van Tassel, Secretary Excelsior Mill Company, Yankton, South Dakota.*

I take pleasure in saying that so far as my experience goes with the seven companies with whom I have placed my life insurance, the Northwestern has, by its larger dividends, furnished my life insurance at less cost than any of the other companies, and thereby earned the right to stand at the head, as I estimate them.—*George A. Russell, President and Treasurer National Papeteric Company, Springfield, Mass.*

I am more and more satisfied each year that it is the strongest company in the country and, of all my policies, I value those in the North-western most highly When my dividends are double those of the other companies, it is, perhaps, not to be wondered at. I am confident that whoever is seeking the safest and most profitable life insurance will, on carefully looking over the field, certainly invest in the Northwestern Mutual Life.—*Wm. H. B. Pratt, 94 Sixth Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.*

Some years ago I bought several small insurance policies, leaving it with the companies to give me such a policy as in their judgment was the best they had to offer. After considering these policies I determined that the one furnished by your company was the best of the lot, and in consequence thereof gave them what additional insurance I have taken out since that time. I feel so thoroughly satisfied with the policies written by your company that before taking any insurance with any other company I shall go to the limit in yours.—*C. F. Milburn, President Milburn Wagon Company, Toledo, O.*

I carry $100,000 of Life Insurance, and have given the matter of the relative merits of the different companies thoughtful consideration. It is perhaps a sufficient indication of my opinion in regard to it that one-half of all my life insurance is written in the Northwestern, $50,000 being the limit the company writes on any individual. I consider it the strongest, most profitable and most conservative company in the United States. My dividends are larger than those received from any other company, figuring the dividends on the same basis.—*James L. Houghteling, of Peabody, Houghteling & Co., Real Estate, Chicago, Ill.*

JNO. UNDERWOOD & BRO.,
District Agents,
Fayetteville, N. C.
Oct. 8, 1891. tf

—THE—

Bank : of : Fayetteville,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

Does - a - General - Banking - Business,

RECEIVES DEPOSITS SUBJECT TO CHECK,

Collects Notes and Drafts

Payable here and at all Banking Points in North Carolina,
AT REASONABLE CHARGES,
and remits promptly for all collections.

CAPITAL STOCK, - - $300,000.00.

☞ No deposits received on interest.

J. D. WILLIAMS, Pres.,
H. W. LILLY, Vice Pres.,
J. C. HAIGH, JR., Cashier.
Fayetteville, N. C., October 8.

Castoria

For Infants and Children.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered **healthy** and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D.
111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D.,
1057 2d Ave., New York.

"From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children." DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

Young Mothers!

We Offer You a Remedy which Insures Safety to Life of Mother and Child.

"MOTHER'S FRIEND"

Robs Confinement of its Pain, Horror and Risk.

After using one bottle of "Mother's Friend" I suffered but little pain, and did not experience that weakness afterward usual in such cases.—MRS. ANNIE GAGE, Lamar, Mo., Jan. 15th, 1891.

Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle. Book to Mothers mailed free.
BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.,
ATLANTA, GA.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
April 16, 1891.

WILCOX, GIBBS & COS MANIPULATED GUANO

—MANUFACTURED BY—

The Wilcox & Gibbs Guano Co.

CHARLESTON, S. C.,

Has been used for more than a quarter of a Century and has proved the Best Cotton Fertilizer in the World

Nov. 19, 1891. 4m

Sunnyside (Floral) Nursery.

We have the best stock of *HYACINTHS, TULIPS, CROCUS, FUCHSIAS, &c.*, ever brought to North Carolina. Prices—Hyacinths 80 cts., Tulips 40 cts., Crocus 20 cts. Fuchsias 40 cts. per dozen. We have also a fine lot of Tuberoses now in bloom in greenhouse.

We can furnish everything in the way of Evergreens, Shrubbery, Roses, Carnations and other plants prepared for winter bloom

☞ Orders solicited.

Respectfully, JAMES M. LAMB,
Fayetteville, N. C.
nov. 19, 1891—tf

THOS. M. HUNTER, D. D. S.,

OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.

OFFICE: North-east corner Market Square.

April 29, 1880. tf

G. B. PATTERSON, D. D. S.,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

After 6 years experience offer his professional services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country. Office up-stairs over Bank of Fayetteville. N. B. Hayes' Hypnotic used for the painless extraction of teeth.

N. A. SINCLAIR,
Attorney - at - Law,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Attends all the Courts in Robeson County.
Office No. 4, Thornton Block.
June 20, 1889. tf

H. McD. ROBINSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
—AND—
NOTARY PUBLIC,
NO. 6, THORNTON BLOCK,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

☞ Gives special attention to collecting and conveyancing. Deeds, Contracts, Wills, Mortgages, etc., prepared in best style on Remington Type-writer. Proofs taken and privy examinations made for any county in North Carolina and other States, and affidavits prepared for use within or without the State.
Oct. 29, 1891.

JOHN G. SHAW,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW

Practices in the various Courts of the State Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to his care.
Feb'y 14, 1889. 1y

DR. J. H. MARSH

has removed his office and residence to rooms in the Thornton block.
Office in room No 5.
Night bell No. 8.
Calls answered promptly night and day.
Feb'y 5, 1891. tf

DR. J. H. DANIEL,
OF DUNN, HARNETT COUNTY, N. C.,

offers his professional services to those suffering with Cancer and Scrofulous Affections.

All letters of inquiry as to my mode of treatment will be cheerfully answered

Would respectfully ask the attention of the public to the subjoined card from Dr. McKay:

SUMMERVILLE, N. C., Dec. 11th, 1890.

Dr. J. H. Daniel, Dear Sir, N. C.:

DEAR SIR:—The sore on my face, which was pronounced Epethelial Cancer, is perfectly well, and I do not hesitate to recommend your mode of treatment to any persons suffering with Cancer.

Respectfully,
A. M. McKAY, M. D.
March 12, 1891—tf

Auction House.

Having secured large salesrooms on Gillespie street, I would respectfully solicit consignments of Merchandise, Furniture and other goods to be sold at auction. Sales every day or as often as necessary. CHAS. GLOVER, Auctioneer.
June 11, 1891—tf

CLYDE'S
New York and Wilmington Steamship Co.

FROM PIER 29, EAST RIVER, NEW YORK, Located bet. Chambers and Roosevelt Sts., At 3 o'clock P. M

NEW YORK FOR WILMINGTON

PAWNEE	Wednesday	Dec 30
CROATAN	Saturday,	Jan 2
BENEFACTOR	Wednesday,	Jan 6

WILMINGTON FOR NEW YORK.

BEN FACTOR	Thursday,	Jan 1
PAWNEE	Tuesday,	Jan 5
CROATAN	Saturday,	Jan 9

WILMINGTON FOR GEORGETOWN.

CROATAN	Tuesday,	Jan 5
PAWNEE	Tuesday,	Jan 12

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES,
Superintendent,
Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
W. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents.
March 28 1889 tf 5 Bowling Green, N. Y

CHAS. GLOVER,
AUCTIONEER
—AND—
REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Negotiates the sale and purchase of Stocks, Bond and other Securities.
Fayetteville, N. C., Feb'y 5, 1891. tf

$3000 A YEAR! I undertake to briefly teach any fair intelligent person of either sex, who can read and write, and who, after instruction, will work industriously, how to earn Three Thousand Dollars a Year in their own localities, wherever they live. I will also furnish the situation or employment, at which you can earn that amount. No money for me unless successful as above. Easily and quickly learned. I desire but one worker from each district or county. I have already taught and provided with employment a large number, who are making over $3000 a year each. It is NEW and SOLID. Full particulars FREE. Address at once, E. C. ALLEN, Box 420, Augusta, Maine.

Fall and Winter Goods

—AT—

WALTER WATSON'S.

Fire Dogs, Fire Shovels and Tongs. Meat Cutters, Sausage Stuffers.

Sporting Goods

—AT—

WALTER WATSON'S.

BREECH-LOADING GUNS. MUZZLE-LOADING GUNS.
Rifles--32 Cal.; Rifles--38 Cal.; Rifles--Remington; Rifles--Winchester.
SHOT, POWDER, CAPS, SHELLS CARTRIDGES, WADS.

Agent for Terracotta Chimney Flue and Stove Pipe.

LAFLIN AND RAND POWDER. FAIRBANK'S SCALES.
October 22, 1891—tf

—THE—

PATAPSCO 1866 SUPERLATIVE PATENT C. A. GAMBRILL Mfg. Co. BALTIMORE.

PREMIER FLOUR OF AMERICA.

PATAPSCO FLOURING MILLS.

ESTABLISHED - - - 1774.

PERFECTION IN FLOUR.

OUR PATENT ROLLER FLOURS

ARE MANUFACTURED FROM THE CHOICEST WHEAT OBTAINABLE,

INCLUDING THE HARD VARIETY OF MARYLAND AND VIRGINIA.

Patapsco Superlative Patent,

The Premier Flour of America,

Is Unsurpssed for Bread, Biscuit or Pastry.

The Superior Body and Rich Quality of the Bread will show its Economy to the Consumer.

☞ Ask your grocer for

PATAPSCO SUPERLATIVE PATENT, ROLANDO CHOICE PATENT
MEDORA, HIGH GRADE WINTER PATENT,
PATAPSCO FAMILY PATENT, ORANGE GROVE EXTRA,
BALDWIN FAMILY, MAPLETON FAMILY.

C. A. GAMBRILL MANUFACTURING CO., 214 Commerce Street, Baltimore, Md.
Represented by B. R. TAYLOR, Fayetteville, N. C.
July 23, 1891. tf

INSURANCE THAT INSURES.

Issued by the Equitable Life Insurance Society of New York—The Largest Company in the World—G. A. Thomson, Agt., Fayetteville, N. C.

"STRAWS THROWN UP SHOW WHICH WAY THE WIND BLOWS."

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., August 19th, 1891.

Mr. W. J. Roddey, Gen'l Ag't for N. C., of the Equitable Life Insurance Society of the U. S.:

DEAR SIR:—Being frequently asked, when stating that we issue strictly Incontestable Policies, if all the companies do not the same, I always explain wherein they do not, and I'll thank you to give me names of any company's that contested claims in 1890, with amounts, and your authority for same.

Very respectfully,
G. A. THOMSON, Ag't of Equitable.

Mr. G. A. Thomson, Agent of the Equitable, Fayetteville, N. C.:

DEAR SIR:—Yours 19th noted. I would state that if you will examine under heading "Death Losses and Other Policy Claims Resisted," in the report of the New York Insurance Department for 1890, you will find:

By the Mutual Life,	86,755
By the Connecticut Mutual,	38,846
By the Ætna,	31,590
By the Northwestern,	24,774
By the New York Life,	10,000
By the Mutual Benefit,	7,000
By the Equitable,	Nothing

INCONTESTABLE CLAUSE IN EQUITABLE POLICY.

After two years from date of issue the only conditions which shall be binding upon the holder of the policy are that he shall duly pay the premiums and observe the regulations of the society as to age and service in war. In all other respects, if the policy matures after the expiration of said two years, the policy shall be indisputable.

Very respectfully,
Aug. 27—tf. W. J. RODDEY, Gen'l Agt.

Turpentine Land

FOR SALE.

About 2,100 acres on Crain's Creek and near Cypress Church, known as The Shaw Land.

Also about 250 acres on the north side of Little River, near Monroe's Bridge, adjoining Townsend and others.

Also about 50 acres on south side of Little River, near D. J. Monroe's and about 22 acres adjoining the lands of Rev. D. Fairley and Murchison and others.

N. W. RAY, Att'y for
Heirs of Mrs. Mary Monroe.
Nov. 12, 1891. tf

NOTICE.

I WISH TO CALL THE ATTENTION OF the people of this section to the fact that my mammoth Gin House will soon be completed, and will be equipped with the best 60-saw gin made; also feeder and condenser. The house is beautifully located on my farm, one fourth of a mile north of Lee's Cross Roads—almost direct between here and Dunn, a fine cotton market. I will be able to gin your cotton in a few weeks, and you can take it on to town, and I will pay market price for your seed. I very kindly ask the people to give me their first bale, and should they not be satisfied I ask no more. I will gin for the 25th, and give your cotton every care in my power. My house will be well arranged for curing for several bales at once. Satisfaction guaranteed. I am yours very truly,
Aug. 27—tf. JOEL G. LAYTON, Sr.

CAPE FEAR RIVER STEAMERS!

Steamer D. Murchison,
Capt. W. A. Robeson.

Leaves Fayetteville Mondays and Thursdays.
Leaves Wilmington Tuesdays and Fridays.

Steamer A. P. HURT,
Capt. Irvin Robeson.

Leaves Fayetteville Tuesdays and Fridays.
Leaves Wilmington Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Steamer Cape Fear,
Capt. Irvin Robeson.

Leaves Fayetteville Wednesdays and Saturdays.
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☞ First Class Passenger and Freight accommodations on each of the three Steamers.

Through Bills of Lading to ALL Points.

Connects at Wilmington with the Clyde Steamship Company.

For Freight Rates and other information, apply to
W. S. COOK,
Fayetteville, N. C.

T. D. LOVE,
Wilmington, N. C. Oct —1y

H. Ballett & Co., Box 6, Portland, Maine

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WE MUST SELL THEM,

BECAUSE

OUR IMMENSE STOCK

—MUST BE CLEARED FROM OUR SHELVES BEFORE THE YEAR 1892.—

YOU MUST BUY THEM,

BECAUSE SUCH BEGAINS IN FIRST-CLASS

Fall and Winter Clothing

WERE NEVER OFFERED HERE BEFORE.

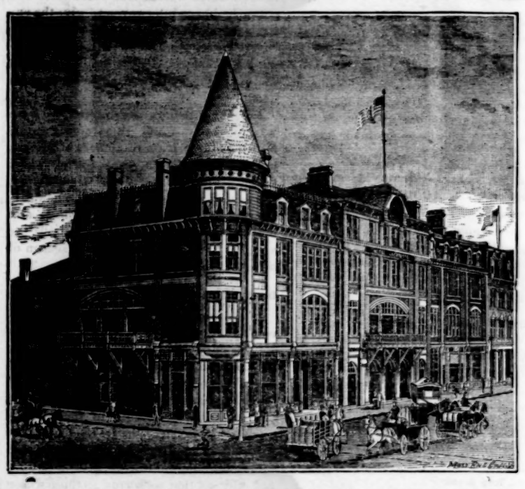
"Cheap John" Price for Better Line of Goods.

FROM NOW ON TILL FURTHER NOTICE, ATTEND

Sacrifice Sales Days at

C. O. D. CLOTHING STORE.

Fayetteville, N. C., Nov. 19, 1891. tf



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AN ANCIENT AND HISTORICAL SOUTHERN CITY.
IN THE PINEY-WOODS BELT OF CAROLINA.
ELEVATION 175 FEET ABOVE THE SEA LEVEL.
NOT TOO HOT, BUT ALWAYS MILD AND HEALTHFUL
An Especially Delightful Climte During the Spring Months,
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PRACTICAL HINTS TO BUILDERS FREE.

100 pages, 40 illustrations, 20 short chapters on the kitchen, chimneys, cistern, foundation, brick-work, mortar, cellar, heating, ventilation, the roof and many items of interest to builders.

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We now propose to put it into the hands of those contemplating building, together with our lithograph, which, in colors, shows the various styles of our metal roofing and roofing sundries.

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Sept. 11, 1890. tf

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BUSINESS COLLEGE, 6, 8, 10 & 12 N. Charles St., BALTIMORE, MD.
Oct. 22, 1891—6m

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Stock consists of

ALL LEADING FRIUTS

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Send for descriptive Catalogue, No. 1, of

FRIUT TREES, VINES, &c.

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Roses, Chrysanthemums, CARANTIONS,

and a general variety of Bedding and Flowing Plants, ready to plant out in April and May.

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May 30, 1889.

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Real Estate Agent,

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Has especial advantages for buying and selling town and country property. Write him for particulars if you want to buy or sell REAL ESTATE.

He is also a

COAL DEALER,

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July 30, 1891—tf

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All things work well to those who purchase their Heavy and Fancy Groceries of

D. A. McMILLAN, Ag't,
Fayetteville, N. C.

Among the popular Wholesale and Retail Heavy and Fancy Grocery Houses of the Cape Fear Section is that of D. A. McMILLAN, of Fayetteville, N. C., which is filled to overflowing with one of the best Selected and Assorted Stocks of Fine Groceries, Hardware and Willow-ware, Table and Pocket Cutlery, etc. Every line is thoroughly complete, and every article he sells is guaranteed to be as represented. Special inducements will be given on the following articles.

Bacon,	Hams,	Shoulders,	Breakfast-Strips,
Lard,	Salt-Fish,	Mountain Butter,	Canned Beef,
Oysters,	Lobsters,	Sardines,	Potted Ham,
Potted Tongue,	Sugar,	Coffee,	Tea,
Cheese	Molasses,	Syrup.	Pepper,
Spice,	Ginger,	Mace,	Tapioca, Gelatine,
Pickles,	Flour,	Meal,	Hominy,
Rice,	Crackers,	Soda,	Starch.
Soap,	Star Lye,	Tobacco,	Cigars,
Snuff,	Lamps,	Lamp Goods,	Brooms,
Table and Pocket Cutlery,		Willow-ware,	Glass-ware,

Fayetteville Iron and Brass-Bound Buckets, &c., &c.

A call is all he asks. Thankful for past favors he respectfully solicits a continuance.

Remember the place.
Oct. 16, 1890—tf. D. A. McMILLAN, Ag't,
Person Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

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Full and Complete Stock Always on Hand.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS DONE WITH NEATNESS AND DISPATCH

SEE MY STOCK AND GET PRICES BEFORE BUYING.

January 15, 1891—1y